





lat of the conference. Twenty interpreters were busy today translating the document.

The translation of the German counter proposals is going on so slowly that it seems improbable that the council of four will be able to have the complete English and French texts for consideration until Saturday.

Ministers Landsberg and Giesberts will leave here tonight for Berlin. Count von Brockdorff-Rasmussen, chairman of the delegation, will remain, as he has to sign three more notes to the secretariat of the peace conference.

**CALLS TERMS MUDDLED.**  
DRESDEN, Wednesday, May 22.—[By the Associated Press.]—Herbert Schwarze, economic minister, who has returned here from Versailles after his withdrawal from the German peace delegation, which he had criticized, asserts that the peace situation in Paris has been badly muddled by the entente leaders. M. Clemenceau, he goes on to say, has been forced to adopt every theatrical device, such as "lining the Paris boulevard with German cannon," to induce the French people to believe that Germany would make complete reparations.

President Wilson's politics, he declares, are clearly disclosed in his attempt to drive a wedge between Germany and Russia, as "he betrays fear of an understanding between Germany, Russia, and Japan, which would be bound to be inimical to Anglo-American interests."

#### DELAY AUSTRIA TREATY

PARIS, May 22.—[By the Associated Press.]—The Austrian treaty, which was to have been presented to the Austrians tomorrow, has been withheld until Monday. The smaller powers of eastern Europe asked for more time before giving their assent to the treaty. This was accorded by common consent, and the plenipotentiary for agreeing to the treaty went over to Saturday. While the presentation of the document to the Austrians was postponed until Monday.

The change in the plans came unexpectedly this afternoon, as the allied powers gathered in secret session for the foreign office for the purpose of passing on the terms. The session was largely attended, and great crowds assembled in front of the building to give President Wilson a last farewell. Premier Paderewski, and other notable welcoming salutes as they arrived.

**Italians Are Present.**  
The Marquis Imperiali and the other members of the Italian delegation were present for the first time.

The parts of the treaty already completed, omitting the military terms, reparations, and sections of the frontier settlement, were distributed to the delegations in printed form, and Capt. Andre Tardieu was about to supplement these with a general summary of the document. The expectation was that this would be followed by a vote of approval, permitting the instrument to be delivered Friday.

At the outset, however, Premier Bratiano of Roumania gained recognition. He said that in the name of Poland, Serbia, Roumania, and various countries, whose interests were vitally affected by the treaty, that they wanted forty-eight hours more time for the examination of the document.

#### WILSON VICTOR ON FIUME

BY HENRY WALES.

(Chicago Tribune Foreign News Service.)

(Copyright, 1919, by The Tribune Company.)

PARIS, May 22.—President Wilson won a clean-cut victory when the Fiume issue was settled. Premier Orlando receding from his former position. In so doing he accepted the proposal that Fiume be made a free city with a plebiscite at the end of fifteen years.

A league of nations commission is to administer the port, securing equal rights to the Italians and Jugoslavians, and precautions will be taken to prevent Fiume as a free city, declaring itself annexed to Italy. Rome is to "draw its warships and troops."

**GIVES HIS ASSENT.**

PARIS, May 22.—[By the Associated Press.]—President Wilson, the Temps says, has given his approval to an agreement on the Adriatic question accepted by Premier Orlando of Italy. The president is expected to have a conference late today with the Jugoslav delegates.

According to the Temps the essential points in the agreement are:

First—Fiume, not including the suburb of Sušak, forms with the region to the west an independent state under the league of nations. "This state will be bounded by Italian territory and contain the railroad from Fiume to Laibach."

**Rule Strategic Islands.**

Second—Zara (capital of Dalmatia) and Sebenico (seventy miles southeast of Trieste) on the Adriatic will be placed under the sovereignty of Italy, which renounces any other part of the Dalmatian coast and hinterland.

Third—Italy will exercise sovereignty over islands called strategic—namely: Cherso (twelve miles southwest of Fiume, belonging to Istria); Eustina (southwest of Cherso and the Adriatic); and Lissa (thirty-three miles southwest of Spalato in the Adriatic, belonging to Dalmatia), with the outlying islands.

Furthermore, says the Temps, the league of nations grants Italy the mandate over Albania, where the treaty of London assured Italy preponderant influence.

**OKAN STRANSHIP MOVEMENTS.**

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## THE GERMAN COUNTER PROPOSALS



Germany refuses to give up the territories of Memel (1), East Prussia (2), West Prussia, Posen, and upper Silesia (3) without a plebiscite.

The Germans are willing to allow Danzig (4) to be a free port.

All the city works except the shipping facilities would be given to the Poles, they propose.

They would also allow the Vistula river (5) to be internationalized as far as the Polish border.

6—Germany claims that Denmark will get more of Schleswig than is due her if that province is taken in its present shape.

7—The Germans demand that the allies evacuate the Rhineland within six months.

8—They also object to losing the Saar basin, claiming that it is being asked solely for its rich minerals and against the wishes of its inhabitants.

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## NEW PRESIDENT PROCLAIMED BY MEXICAN REBELS

Angeles Named Chief and Villa to Post of War Secretary.

### BULLETIN.

Nogales, Ariz., May 29.—Rebels of the announcement from the state department at Washington today that Mexican troops from Sonora would not be permitted to cross American territory were reported tonight to be jubilant at Epimene, Sonora, for being in bond through this port.

A STAFF CORRESPONDENT. Washington, D. C., May 29.—(Special.)—Officials here have been unofficially notified that Felipe Angeles was named provisional president of Mexico by Villistas at Parral on May 29, and that simultaneously Francisco Villa was made provisional secretary of the government.

Government authorities declined to make any comment on the news, which is not authenticated, but it is regarded as possessing high significance. Angeles is one of the best known Mexican rebels and is believed to have been impressing this government with the allies during the European war, when he inspected munitions in the United States for the Mexican army.

Villa-Madero in North. Information reaching Washington through reliable channels indicates that the rise of the Villa movement throughout Chihuahua is menacing Carranza control over northern Mexico and threatens to bring about important developments in Mexico within a few days.

The Carranza government has been unable to cope with the Villa movement. Carranza has requested permission to move 2,000 men across American territory from Agua Prieta, in Sonora, opposite Douglas, Ariz., to Juarez in an effort to strengthen the government forces in Chihuahua has been refused by the state department.

Angels was considered by the United States government, at the time of the Niagara Falls conference, the best candidate for the Mexican presidency. At the conference three names were named by the representatives of various Mexican factions and the United States as suitable presidential candidates. Angeles' name headed that list.

Griffiths of French School. Angeles is about 45 years old and is a blooded Mexican Indian, as were Felipe and Huerta. He is a graduate of Chapultepec military academy, the West Point of Mexico, and of the St. Cyr Artillery school in France. He was head of Chapultepec military academy, who chose Angeles to go to Mexico and conduct the campaign against Zapata.

Madero was imprisoned and Huerta declared himself president. Angeles refused to come in with his army. He was arrested and sentenced to death by Huerta. Through the efforts of Manuel Calles, judge of the supreme court and ambassador to the United States under Madero, a court order was secured releasing Angeles from prison.

Angels went to Paris, and later returned to Mexico through the United States with the assistance of American officials who were then supporting the "constitutionalist revolution" conducted by Carranza and Villa, and was immediately made chief of artillery under Villa.

Mass Troops at Juarez. JUAREZ, Mex., May 29.—Concentration of Mexican federal forces at Juarez continued today with the arrival from Villa Ahumada of 200 troops of the 44th regular cavalry, commanded by Col. Cedillo. Federal reports state that Gen. Villa and Gen. Angeles have surrounded Chihuahua City and have cut off the material supply there are denied by Mexican authorities here. They admit, however, that no trains will be run between Juarez and Chihuahua City.

Villa Perils Chihuahua. El Paso, Tex., May 29.—A courier reaching here from Chihuahua late today reported that Villa, with a force of 1,000 men, was at Fresno on Monday and that an attack on the city was momentarily expected at that time. Fresno is only a few miles from the city.

## GREEK-ITALIAN ADVANCE COSTS TURKISH LOSSES

(Chicago Tribune Foreign News Service.) (By Special Cable.)

PARIS, May 28.—(Delayed.)—A new, if small, war has developed in the east, with the Greeks and Italians pitted against the Turks. Greeks marching from Smyrna occupied Adum-Karahisar, and Italian cavalry, disembarking at Adalia, reached Koniah, cutting the Baghdad railway in two places. Disorganized remnants of the old Turkish army contested the Greek and Italian advance, the succeeding skirmishes resulting in casualties, especially for the Turks.

## Women Launch League for Business Equality

Fifty-fifty with the men in the pursuit of a livelihood is the object of the Chicago Business and Professional Women's federation, organized last night at the Hotel La Salle, and purporting to represent 75,000 members. Mrs. Anna R. Rames is the organizer. A national organization, with which the Chicago branch will be affiliated, will meet in St. Louis July 14. The officers elected last night are: president, Mrs. Joanna Downes; recording secretary, Mrs. E. Bowers; corresponding secretary, Mrs. Rose Taylor; New York; treasurer, Miss B. H. Sullivan. Florence King was made honorary president.

## PRETTY CO-EDS STAR IN CLASSIC DRAMA

Scenes from "As You Like It," Presented by the Girls' Literary Societies of Northwestern University, Evanston.



Miss Helen Gady as Orlando.

Miss Amanda Bonhus as Rosalind.

## JUDGES ASK JURY CHARGES BE CUT FROM RECORDS

Municipal court judges, vigorously attacked in the April report of the grand jury, yesterday filed petitions asking that six statements be stricken from the records of the Criminal court. The petitions were presented to Judge Marcus A. Kavanagh by Judge Edwin Brown through former Judge Charles N. Goodnow, their attorney in the matter. Upon receipt of the petitions Judge Kavanagh ordered that Joseph P. Griffin, former of the April grand jury and former president of the Chicago Board of Trade, be notified that the petition will be heard June 2 and that Mr. Griffin and the other members of the jury be asked to attend. The report in question stated that the jury had obtained evidence that Municipal court judges had released prisoners as a result of political influence and recommended that "appropriate steps be taken for the passage of a law which would make it a felony to attempt to influence the decision of a judge—unless made in open court in the hearing of all persons in the courtroom."

It is charged in the petition that the jury received no information which the charges made in the report could be based upon and concludes with the statement that the jury exceeded its authority in placing the charges on record.

## WHO WAVED RED FLAG AT LAKES? ALL "PASS BUCK"

Who waved the red flag? That is the chief topic of argument in the 15th regiment at Great Lakes these days. Officers and men are divided, while the home boys declare the overseas men "expect everything." At any rate, 102 naval aviation mechanics, all of whom were across the Atlantic, will be "shove off" today for Hampton Roads for distribution at coast flying stations. Order for their shipment was received at Great Lakes last week after the "red flag" disturbance occurred at an entertainment for the 15th regiment, consisting of a mechanical band.

## George Lohman Slated as New City Collector

George Lohman, deputy city collector, may be made city collector, a post made vacant by the appointment of Charles R. Forsberg as business manager of the school board. Mr. Lohman has been deputy collector for several years and is well acquainted with the duties of the office. It was rumored Mayor Thompson intends to promote him.

## Highland Park Kids Start for Wild, Woolly West

Police of Chicago and the north shore searched yesterday for Victor Sheski, 13; Lester Allen, 14, and Harry Kline, 15, all of Highland Park, who started for Montana in the morning with a combined capital of \$81 and one rusty, trusty revolver.

## SHAKESPEARE A LA CO-ED

"As You Like It," with all parts taken by co-eds, was presented yesterday by the literary societies of Northwestern University. Velma Staley was the Duke, with Marion Parker as Frederick, the usurper. Marion Dittman was Charles, the wrestler, while Edna Brown, Catherine Cain, and Helen Cady were the "sons" of Sir Roland de Boys. Ruth Hine was Touchstone, the clown, and Amanda Bonhus was Rosalind.

## MAJ. GEN. BELL TAKES COMMAND AT CAMP GRANT

Camp Grant, Rockford, Ill., May 29.—[Special.]—Major Gen. George Bell Jr. today assumed command of Camp Grant and said he was without information as to the plans for organizing a new 23d regular army division to be permanently stationed here.

The new commandant announced that special certificates of honor are being prepared by the Prairie division and will be forwarded to the nearest relative of each Illinois boy killed during the war and to a few officers and men for exceptional gallantry in action. During the 23d division demobilized this morning included division headquarters, companies A and B of the 122d machine gun battalion; companies C and D of the 123d machine gun battalion; and company F of the 122d infantry, totaling 833 officers and men.

## Col. Dorey Fails to Hide His Croix de Guerre

Col. Halstead Dorey, executive secretary of Chicago's bureau for returning soldiers and sailors, forgot to put his newest gallantry citation out of sight yesterday and will have to stand the consequences. The decoration is a croix de guerre with gold star and it comes from the French high command for the colonel's "splendid organization of troops on the Marne and personal contribution to all success there."

## Julia Culp, Divorced, Weds a Bohemian

New York, May 29.—Julia Culp, widely known mezzo-soprano, has obtained a divorce in Holland from Eric Mertens, a German citizen, and married a Bohemian manufacturer named Cinsky, according to Daily Post, a Dutch composer, who arrived here today.

## Short Circuit Halts Loop Traffic Half Hour

Street car service in the loop was at a standstill last night for about half an hour during the theater rush hour when a trolley wire broke at Washington and Wells streets.

## PEASANT LOOMS MIGHTY MENACE TO LENINE SOVIET

Bolsheviks Realize Too Late Failure to Solve Land Question.

### BY FRAZIER HUNT.

(Chicago Tribune Foreign News Service.) (By Special Cable.) (Copyright, 1919, by the Tribune Company.)

HELSINKI, Finland, May 23, via Paris, May 29.—The bolshevik government has failed utterly to solve the peasant problem in Russia. Today the burning question of land still remains a deep, vital problem of the future. No government can continue to fail to answer it correctly can last long in Russia, for the Russian people are masters of revolution and the Russian peasant soldier is highly versed in the technique of business as well as of war.

Even if the communist government should win some sort of commercial and diplomatic recognition from the allies, it still must gain real recognition from the people within Russia's own borders. Right now it is desperately playing for this international recognition, and its greatest play is being made toward the peasant millions.

The "middle peasant," or small farmer, is the most responsive and most useful, and the communist government is madly flirting with him. No longer does it call the poorest peasant workers to take this "middle peasant's" cow or his extra land, but rather the government is sending out decrees now that he must be protected and helped in every way.

This is a tremendous change in front on the part of the government, and it is merely one phase of a great compromise that is sweeping through the bolshevik ranks. The same sort of thing is going on in regard to the rights of city workers and foreign capital. The bolsheviks are now being called back to work at immense salaries.

Probably one of the greatest mistakes of judgment of the communist leaders has been in regard to their treatment of the peasant and land questions. Being violent extremists Socialists, they believed that the land should be held by the state and worked on the most modern large scale of agricultural methods. They were against individual ownership and also communal ownership, where the land was divided up equally and passed out in rotation among different families.

How Peasants Did It. Revolt was the answer, and during this spring there have been many violent peasant revolts throughout Russia. The fact they were always local affairs and never organized made it possible for the soviet government to put them down, but the flames of discontent have grown, and the peasants have dumbly signified their determination to fight back with a "Grow No Food for Cities Strike," the strangest, most subtle and most dangerous form of civil disobedience that the world has ever seen.

In looking around madly for some means of combating this unrest, the government picked out the small farmer, the most pliable and most hopeful. Deliberately the communists have set out to court him and to line him up on their side.

Success. The chancellor sends out orders to his Red army, in which he makes a plea for the small farmer. Part of these orders read: "Watch that the peasants get paid, according to the established rates for everything which the Red army takes from them. No mercy to marauders and looters who are ruining and injuring laboring peasants."

Success. Order with all these pretty speeches of the peasant continues and his actual physical revolts become more frequent. No little of the success of Kolchak's drive has been due to these peasant disorders in every district over which he has advanced towards the Volga.

These peasants, behind all their political disillusionment, are tired of being without shoes, clothing, farm machinery, or peace.

## Chicago Negro Aviator Killed Near Paris Cafe

PARIS, May 29.—The Negro whose death was reported yesterday from the streets of Paris, was killed near a Paris cafe Sunday evening was Eugene Bullard of Chicago. He joined the French foreign legion at the beginning of the war and became an aviator.

## Mother, Attention! THE NAME KOVERALLS

Is our Registered and Common-Law Trademark and can only be rightfully used on the complete suit made by us for children 1 to 6 years.

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Subscription Price.—Daily with Sunday for one year—\$18.00. Single Copies—Five Cents. Classified Matter—See Matter. June 3, 1919, at the Postoffice at Chicago, Illinois, under act of March 3, 1879.

## ACCUSED

Highland Park Woman Arrested Charged with Poisoning Husband.



Mrs. Herbert J. Strang.

## CLOUDS WILL SEE ARMY WEDDING OF DARING BRIDE

Washington, D. C., May 29.—[Special.]—Having beaten the world in spanning the ocean by aeroplane, the United States is about to hang up another aviation record when an American army officer will take unto himself a wife in a bombing plane while it spins among clouds.

This hymeneal innovation will occur Saturday at Ellington field, Houston, Tex., as a part of a flying circus being held there. Lieut. Robert Menda of the army aviation service is the groom who has chosen a Handley-Page bombing plane for his marriage altar, and the courageous bride is Marion Dumas, of Cincinnati, formerly of Yorkville, Ind.

An army chaplain will perform the ceremony and Lieut. Col. Melvin, commander at Ellington field, will give the bride away. Lieut. Henriques, the post adjutant, will act as best man, and Mrs. Laura Gray of Covington, Ky., as dame of honor. Lieut. Menda was formerly a motorcycle racer, holding the cross country record, Los Angeles to Boston, in fourteen days.

## BRITISH OWE U. S. FOUR BILLIONS, COMMONS HEARS

LONDON, May 29.—[Special.]—Austin Chamberlain, chancellor of the exchequer, announced in the house of commons today that the present indebtedness of the British government to the American government is \$4,540,000,000, while the various American departments, roughly, \$210,000,000.

The chancellor said that dollar securities, including Canadian securities, now held under the treasury deposit scheme, amount to just a little more than \$500,000,000, most of which has been placed as collateral for loans in America.

In addition to the deposit, Mr. Chamberlain added, securities to the value of \$106,111,000 had been purchased by the treasury. Most of these were sold, however.

## Blinded Yanks Discharged to Get \$187.50 a Month

Washington, D. C., May 29.—Discharge from service of sixty-seven soldiers, blinded while serving in France, was announced tonight by the bureau of war risk insurance. The men have been under treatment at Roland Park, Baltimore. Some of the cases still remain subjectively dim, but all are totally blind in an industrial sense, and on that basis will be paid compensation of \$150 a month, in addition to \$37.50 which they will receive from their government insurance. The number of men in the American forces who were blinded total 128.

## MOTHER OF FOUR IS ARRESTED AS HUSBANDSLAYER

Highland Park Wife Is Held as Analysis Shows Poison.

Mrs. Grace Strang, mother of four children, was arrested yesterday on a charge of having murdered her husband, Herbert T. Strang, who died May 18 at his home, 433 Lincoln place, Highland Park.

Mrs. Strang was ordered held without bonds in the Lake county jail at Washington following the report of Coroner's Physician William McNulty of Chicago that the contents of the dead man's stomach showed a considerable quantity of strychnine.

"I am innocent," said Mrs. Strang. "The charge is preposterous." "If Herbert Strang died of poisoning somebody other than Mrs. Strang administered it," said her brother, Thomas, 4, said her brother, William Ives of Highland, superintendent of transportation of the Chicago, North Shore and Electric railroad. "I shall fight this case with all the means at my command."

State's Attorney James G. Wolfe of Lake county issued a statement that "Mrs. Strang had an affair with another man and for that reason desired to be free of her husband."

At his request the preliminary hearing, convened yesterday before Justice Leo F. Farmer at Waukegan, was continued until June 1 to permit the state to assemble additional witnesses.

Sheriff Elmer Green arrested Mrs. Strang at her Highland Park home. She was in the midst of housework when she was taken to the jail. Mrs. Strang had an affair with another man and for that reason desired to be free of her husband.

Analysis Is First Hint. The first intimation that the authorities suspected his death might not have occurred from natural causes came on May 18 when Coroner John L. Taylor of Lake county ordered an analysis of the stomach contents. Mrs. Strang at the inquest said she believed death had been caused by embolism. The inquest was continued.

The testimony was taken the night of May 15 Strang had eaten heartily of a meal prepared by Mrs. Strang. He had gone to bed soon after in the apartment occupied by him and his wife, Thomas, on the first floor, Mrs. Strang and the other three children retired for the night to the second floor.

About 11 o'clock Thomas heard his father groaning and noticed the mother. She came downstairs and summoned a physician. He died before the physician arrived, without regaining consciousness.

Mr. and Mrs. Strang had not been living together. For fifteen months she had made her home at Westrick, Fla. She had returned to Highland Park May 1, two weeks before he died.

## United Presbyterians Clear Church Board Debts

South, Ill., May 29.—Delegates to the general assembly of the United Presbyterian Church of North America tonight are celebrating the raising of a fund which put out of debt all of the church boards.

The Rev. James T. McCrory of Bellevue, Pa., was elected moderator, and the Rev. J. F. McGill of Pittsburgh was chosen clerk. The resignation of Ralph D. Kyle of Chicago as general secretary of the board of education was presented. His successor will be elected later.

## Chicago Soldier Dies in Sight of Home Port

Word was received in Chicago yesterday that Serg. Ernest R. Thieme, who formerly lived at 2023 West Monroe street, had died on the transport Apollo just before it reached New York. Thieme was attached to Battery C, 34th field artillery. His death was due to convulsions, it is said. The young man before he enlisted was assistant manager of the Hancock Life insurance company.

## NC-4 PLANS TO LEAVE TODAY ON HOP TO ENGLAND

Dispatch from Lisbon to the Navy Department Predicts Getaway.

### BULLETIN.

Washington, D. C., May 29, 1:30 a.m.—(Special.)—The navy department at 1:10 o'clock this morning received this dispatch from Rear Admiral Knapp: "NC-4 expects to leave Lisbon at 6:00 a.m. T. (2 a.m. Washington time)." The dispatch was received at 1:30 a.m. T.

REAR ADMIRAL KNAPP. The United States naval airplane NC-4 probably will start from Lisbon tomorrow, weather permitting. Lieutenant Commander A. C. Read, in charge of the craft, which is en route to England on a mission, is expected to arrive at the king.

ELLYMOUTH, May 29.—(By the Associated Press.)—President Wilson has summoned the crew of the NC-4 to proceed as speedily as possible from Plymouth to Paris. It was announced here today. He desires them to attend the aviation conference in Paris. The crews of the NC-4 and NC-5 will also proceed to Paris after a visit to London, where they will be given an official reception and will be presented to the king.

OFFERS \$1500 PRIZE. Raymond Ortig, proprietor of the Hotel Lafayette and Brevoort, has offered a prize of \$1500 for a holiday party from New York to Paris. Prizes to New York by any aviator allied nationality. His offer was made to the Aero Club of America, which has under consideration the conditions for governing such a flight.

## Hero Arrives Home to Find Father Dead

There is rejoicing today at the home of Serg. Jack O'Keefe, 1949 Calhoun avenue, although the hero arrived last night from Camp Mills. The sergeant, who wears three decorations for valor, reached Chicago just as the body of his father, John O'Keefe, arrived from Deaver, where he died Monday.

During the war, O'Keefe today lived for a number of years, had planned a different "home" when Serg. Jack came home. But all the plans are to be dropped now for his father, who will be buried Saturday morning after a funeral at St. Kevin's church, One Hundred and Fourth street and Terrace avenue.

## Have Your Shoes Made to Your Measure

By Chicago's Shoe Specialist.

## Martin Larson Chicago's Shoe Specialist

Chicago's Shoe Specialist has been designing and building shoes in Chicago for the past 32 years. This is your guarantee that your shoes will be "right" and "right" shoes are necessary to foot health and shoe comfort.

The Larson Custom Made Shoes are cheaper in the long run than ready-to-wear shoes. They are made of the best selected leathers over the measurements of your own feet and by a man who has made shoe building his life's work.

Sta-Right, Custom Shoes to Measure \$17 AND UP. Plaster Casts, \$10. MARTIN LARSON Chicago's Great Shoe Specialist 369 W. Madison St. At the Bridge.



# FORD MANAGER TELLS OF "GIFTS" AND PATRIOTISM

Payments to Families of Guardsmen Listed as Gratuities.

BY PHILIP KINSLEY.

Mount Clemens, Mich., May 29.—(Special.)—Edwin F. Clemett, office manager for the Ford Motor company in Detroit, occupied the witness chair all day today in the Henry Ford Chicago Tribune libel case; and when court adjourned tonight next Monday he was still under cross examination by Attorney Weymouth Kirkland for THE TRIBUNE.

In the course of the day he developed the fact that the Ford company had paid various weekly sums as "gratuities" to the needy families of fourteen Ford employees who were called out with the Michigan guard during the week beginning June 13, 1918.

These payments, however, did not begin until July 26, and in some cases not until two months after the husbands had gone away to the Mexican border.

Patriotic League Lends Aid.

In eight instances, out of these fourteen, it was shown that the Detroit Patriotic league, which obtained funds from public subscription at this time, when there was a wide discussion as to what to do for the dependent families of guardsmen, had stepped in and assisted families of Ford employees before the company had responded to their needs.

Mr. Clemett made it plain that the Mexican trouble and the subsequent enlisting of the guards, which affected eighty-nine men in the Ford works, had not caused a ripple in the efficiently organized educational department at the plant, of which he was the assistant chief at that time under Dean Marquis.

Decision as to Help.

In cross examination Mr. Kirkland presented a letter which Mr. Clemett had written to the head of the Patriotic league July 11, 1918, in which reference was made to "the time of our decision in the matter of extending help to those in need" (referring to the families of guardsmen). Mr. Clemett said this referred to a decision regarding particular cases under investigation.

When the matter of helping these families came up an investigator named French was sent out to survey all these cases and it was on his report, a month later, that the company took action, according to Mr. Clemett. There was a committee of department heads formed at the plant called the "charity committee," which handled this situation.

Mr. Clemett said that after this weekly aid was given to the families as something they were entitled to, or as a charity.

He said he would use the word "gratuity."

One of the Basic Points.

This testimony covers one of the basic points in the case—one of the charges made in the editorial on which the suit is based—to the effect that the families of guardsmen were not to be helped by the Ford company. The testimony shows they were helped.

Testimony also shows that they were not deprived of their jobs, as the article stated. The third point, that they were not paid, is admitted.

Mr. Clemett told in detail today of the profit sharing scheme referred to yesterday. He explained the intensive manner in which the Ford company looks into the affairs of its employees, and holds them up to standards of living set by the company on pain of losing their share of the so-called profit plan.

Objected to Evidence.

Mr. Stevenson objected to the statement of this general plan of the company.

"There are comparatively few people who were dependent upon the men who went away in June, 1918," he said. "It is a very simple matter to bring these people here, and to show whether they gave aid, when they gave the aid, whether they gave it promptly or whether they gave it after some one had stepped in, or whether they gave it after they were shamed into doing it. A profit-sharing scheme does not involve giving something at the pleasure of a man who employs the labor."

The court, however, allowed the instruction to employees and other matter to be read.

Mr. Clemett showed the general working of the plan and then how it was applied in 1918.

A committee of three had been ap-

## HONORED

Wife of Congressman Awarded Medal for Liberty Loan Work.



Mrs. James R. Mann, wife of the Chicago congressman, has been awarded a medal made from captured German materials for her work in the Liberty Loan campaign.

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pointed," he said, "for the purpose of looking up the cases of employees who were absent for reasons beyond their control. A report by this advisor was made to the so-called charity committee of the Ford Motor company."

The employment department was listing daily the men who were leaving, giving the reasons for it. This was given to the educational department. Mr. Clemett said it would take three or four days for this list to get to his department. The lists were analyzed. Mr. French was given an automobile, and told to make a survey of the guardsmen's families. The company had full data regarding these families.

Mr. Clemett said that after this report was made a sum of money was given to the needy dependents each week. He presented the cancelled checks. The amounts ran about \$10 to \$15 a week, and totaled several hundred dollars for each family. Payments started on July 26. Some of them ran on for several months.

Coincidence in Meeting Time.

On the cross-examination Mr. Clemett said that there was a meeting attended by representatives of the Chicago and other branches of the company about June 15. He regarded it as merely a coincidence that this meeting should come in the same month that the guard was called out. He said that Mr. Ford was not present. He was asked if he had read in the Detroit papers about that time announcements concerning firms who were going to pay their men while they were at the border. He said he had, but admitted that the Ford Motor company was not in that list.

He said that out of sixty advisors in his department only one man was assigned to investigate the families of guardsmen.

Mr. Kirkland asked him: "What did you do to encourage enlistments in the guard in June, 1918?"

Nothing.

Q—You tell me, if you know anything about it, what anybody did at the border. He said he had, but admitted that the Ford Motor company was not in that list.

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Q—You tell me, if you know anything about it, what anybody did at the border. He said he had, but admitted that the Ford Motor company was not in that list.

I have heard that they were in want, yes.

First Aided by Outdoors.

Q—Do you know that the Detroit Patriotic fund, an organization made up of patriotic citizens, who have nothing to do with these men, contributed towards the support of some of these families, whose names you have heard here today? A—I do.

Q—Did the Ford Motor company ever reimburse the Detroit Patriotic fund? A—I don't remember.

Q—Do you remember how much money the Detroit Patriotic fund paid out for the support of the dependents of the soldiers from the Ford plant? A—No, sir.

Q—Have you the slightest idea how much they paid to any one person? A—Well, I have seen items where they have paid \$30 and \$40, \$45.

Q—What did you think was going to become of these families during the time Mr. French was investigating the whole city, and up until the 20th of July? A—We claimed they would be taken care of in the regular manner.

Not Certain as to Number.

Q—Out of the fourteen families that the Ford Motor company helped, the names of whom you gave us this morning, you know it to be a fact, do you not, that at least eight of these families had received assistance from the Patriotic fund between the 18th day of June and the 26th day of July, 1918? A—I don't know how many; I know some.

Q—You had correspondence with Mr. Gitchell, and he told you just in this correspondence what the fund had been doing, didn't he? A—I don't remember correspondence with that particular information in it. I had frequent correspondence with him.

Q—After the men were called to the border, as I recollect your testimony, you had what was known as a charity committee? A—Yes, sir.

Q—At whose suggestion was the committee called? A—I don't remember as to whose suggestion it was; we all thoroughly agreed that that would be a pretty fair name for it.

Charity and Gratuity.

Q—You all agreed that the assistance that the Ford Motor company was to give to the families of those men that were serving their country should be called charity? A—No, sir.

Q—What did you call it? A—A gratuity.

Q—What is the difference? A—A gratuity is a gift, an outright gift, and charity is not always an outright gift.

Q—You thought that the money that these men, whose families were left behind, received, families of the men that were serving their country, was to be a gift? A—Yes, sir.

Q—You said that as though they were entitled to it, because of the service they were performing, not only for the Ford Motor company, but for the rest of the American republic, didn't you? A—It was given to them as a gratuity to help their families during the period that they were away.

Q—It was a gift from the Ford Mo-

tor company, not something they were morally entitled to, because their fathers or husbands were protecting American citizens? A—We took the family's needs into consideration, and gave them accordingly.

Q—But you did not look upon that \$20 or \$10 a week that you paid Mrs. Hartwell as something due her from the Ford Motor company because of the service of her husband in protecting American lives and property, did you? A—No, sir, because she needed it.

Q—Some of these cases you heard from the Patriotic fund before he ever investigated them? A—Yes, that is so.

Q—Do you know how many? A—At least half a dozen.

Take Specified Case.

Q—Take Mrs. Pratt's case. Don't you remember that she was sick and had an operation, and I believe was pregnant at the time, and that some charitable organization had to take her little girl and keep her during the month that Mr. French was investigating and making his survey; do you remember that? A—I do not recall the detail of that case, sir.

Q—Do you think she had any money in the bank? A—I don't know, sir.

Q—Well, now, you have not told me yet what you did during the month that those particular families, who did not have money in the bank, and who may have had some debt to meet with the pay coming on the pay day, what did you do, or what did the Ford company do for them during that month? A—There was nothing done until Mr. French completed his survey.

As to Delay.

Q—Now, I want to ask you if it is not a fact, and if you do not know it to be a fact, that the Ford Motor company, in this department, that you have been telling us about for a day, did not make up their minds to pay anything to the dependents of these employees until about the 25th of July, or somewhere between the 20th and the 26th? Is that right? A—I have no knowledge of it.

Mr. Kirkland showed the witness a letter signed by Mr. Clemett and written to Gitchell, head of the Detroit Patriotic league. This concerned the payment of usual amounts to various Ford employees, who were in need, and who had first been helped by the league. Eight families were mentioned.

Mr. Clemett said he had taken the names from the list of the league and had told the league to quit paying them.

Q—Is it not a fact, now, that the Ford Motor company, in your department, because this was an emergency different from any other, presented itself to your charity committee, did not come to a decision on it until the 20th of July, 1918? A—It was not necessary.

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# BAKER ASKS FUND TO SCHOOL ARMY IN UNIVERSITIES

War Secretary Plans Higher Courses Based on France Test.

(BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.)

Washington, D. C., May 29.—(Special.)—A system of educational and vocational training for all men in the army was proposed to the house military affairs committee today by Secretary of War Baker in asking appropriations of \$1,177,000,000 for the military establishment during the next fiscal year.

Although he did not give details of the plan, Secretary Baker said he desired to make the army an "institution of education" and has ordered the general staff to develop the plan immediately. It will be ready for congress when the army reorganization question comes up, which Chairman Kahn of the military affairs committee desired to consider after the appropriation measure is passed.

Use of Schools.

Secretary Baker's plan, which he stated had the approval of Gen. Pershing and were the result of experience in France, provided for the utilization of the universities, technical schools, and high schools of the country in the training of the army men. The soldiers would be sent to school for several months during the year, under military discipline, much as the student army training corps was conducted.

Our experience in France has taught us that the whole army should be educated," Secretary Baker said. "We plan to make the army an institution of education, with special attention to the vocational training army work demands."

Not Universal Service.

Answering questions as to whether the plan tended toward universal service, both Secretary Baker and Chief of Staff March answered in the negative, saying at present no plans were ready for extensive military training in the schools. Gen. March said he believed in universal military training and would have some recommendations at a later time.

"Why could not these educational army units be used as the basis for

# "AGENCY WEEK" FOR WAR STAMPS BEGINS ON MONDAY

With the start of "Agency Week" next Monday new life will be put into the war savings work of Chicago and the rest of the Seventh Federal Reserve district. The purpose of this week is to establish agencies for the sale of Thrift and War Savings stamps in hotels, department stores, pharmacies, grocery stores, markets, candy stores, in fact, anywhere where "money passes over the counter."

Campbell Marvin, state superintendent of agencies for Illinois, has made a flying start. He visited sixteen of the biggest business concerns in Chicago yesterday and secured the services of 1,875 salesmen, who will establish agencies to help Uncle Sam's Savings campaign.

extensive military training at the schools?" Chairman Kahn asked. "That is possible, but we have not considered that phase of the work," Secretary Baker replied.

Wilson's Fund for Siberia.

Questions of committee members brought out that the president's personal fund financed the Siberian expeditionary force.

"The president turned over \$5,000,000 at one time and another sum I can not exactly recall at another," Gen. March said; "but we believe that this money was virtually loaned to the Czech-Slovak government."

Gen. March stated that the war department contemplates the employment of five divisions in Europe until a definite peace settlement is made.

British Charge \$22,000,000.

England's bill for transporting a million American soldiers across the Atlantic in British ships is approximately \$22,000,000.

Brig. Gen. Hines, director of transportation, said Great Britain originally asked \$150 for transporting each soldier to France, but the cost finally was reduced to \$31.75. Thirty-five million dollars already has been paid. Congressmen asked if the general did not think the charge excessive, but he replied he believed the cost of transporting troops in American ships would turn out to be higher.

BOILERMAKERS ELECT PRESIDENT.

John R. Tate, Altoona, Pa., was elected president of the Master Boilermakers' association at the close of its seventh annual meeting in the Hotel Sherman yesterday.

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**BECAUSE** We realize the importance in choosing the proper furniture and rugs and have so trained our salesmen that they are able to offer expert advice if requested.

**BECAUSE** For 54 years we have given the furnishing of homes more thought and consideration than any other portion of our business so that today we are Home Outfit Experts.

**BECAUSE** We know that the furniture in your home must have not only style and character—but must be comfortable—restful and well made. So we sell only such merchandise that we can guarantee.

**BECAUSE** We allow you to make your own terms on any amount you may buy, extending your account over any period satisfactory to you. No interest charge.

There can be no comparison of this davenport, chair and rocker with any others priced as low as ours. To fully convince yourself, go to our store nearest your home and compare these pieces with any you have ever seen. Davenport is full length; has deep upholstered back, loose cushion seat, heavy elastic spring constructed bottom, graceful roll arms assuring ease and comfort. Chair or rocker constructed the same and match perfectly. Covered in your choice of selected tapestry.

DAVENPORT, \$76.85; CHAIR OR ROCKER, \$44.65

MAKE YOUR OWN TERMS



OUR FOUR STORES OPEN SATURDAY EVENING

New Downtown Store—115 South Wabash Avenue Near Monroe Street OPEN Saturday Evenings

South Side Store—Ashland Ave. and 48th St. Northwest Corner OPEN Saturday Evenings

Northwest Side Store—2023-35 Milwaukee Avenue Near Armitage OPEN Saturday Evenings

South Chicago Store—9133-35 Commercial Ave. Near Ninety-First Street OPEN Saturday Evenings

Go to Our Store Nearest Your Home

Spiegel's HOUSE FURNISHING CO.

# Homes for Sale

All New, from \$3,600 to \$8,000 Or Will Build to Suit

Easy Terms

With or Without All City Improvements Vacant Lots or Acres

Only forty minutes from loop on Aurora



## GHOST OF 1896 CHILLS ARDOR OF DEMOCRATS

Roosevelt Praise of Bryan  
Brings Frost at  
Banquet.

The ghost of 1896, wearing the one familiar face of William J. Bryan, walked across the gold room of the Congress hotel last night to send a chill through feasting Democrats, who had been previously warned by impassioned oratory.

It was raised by no less a person than Franklin D. Roosevelt, assistant secretary of the navy, hurried to Chicago by the administration to "pinch him" for secretary of the Treasury class, who was to be one of the stars at the banquet given by the Democratic national committee.

Mr. Roosevelt was endeavoring to point out that both the Republican and Democratic parties had "reverted to type" to use his language. He had praised the Republican party as wholly reactionary at last.

Praise for Bryan.

Then he essayed to portray the Democratic party as wholly liberal, and in so doing strayed from his carefully prepared manuscript.

"Perhaps there have been times when we have appeared to be too liberal," he asserted. "Perhaps in 1896 we were a little too far ahead of the times. It is only justice to remark, however, that the views and the ideals that held Mr. Bryan have since been enacted into laws and are on our statute books and constitute some of our most valued legislation."

Someone started to applaud at the mention of the name of the Nebraska man, but it resulted only in the feeblest kind of hand-clapping in which probably from one-eighth to one-tenth of the 500 men and women at the banquet board joined. Previously they had not been content with handclapping, but had arisen to their feet, waved handkerchiefs and napkins and cheered lustily at points made by other speakers and at the mention of the names of President Wilson and members of his cabinet.

Senators As "Bogey Men."

Previous to the summoning of the skeleton from his own party's closet, Mr. Roosevelt and other speakers of the evening had tried to create some "bogey men" with which to scare the Democrats from the Republican fold. Senators Penrose, Warren and Lodge were presented in these roles.

Mr. Roosevelt also made a general attack upon the Republican congress. "Reverts to Type."

"The new Republican congress," he said, "has only commenced its work, but it is already clear that on matters of internal policy it has reverted to type, as dog breeders say. It is deeply concerned over the restoration of the old form of preferential tariff for the purpose of manufacturers. It will support itself in noisy adulation of and trucking to the returned soldiers and then do little."

"It will revise the income tax so as to lighten the burden of those unfortunate individuals who have incomes of \$10,000 a year or more, and it will spend the rest of its time in attempting to discredit every act of every Democrat who has done things during the past six years."

"It will make a record of misrepresentation, of destructive and not constructive criticism. It will do anything and everything with the sole noble and patriotic purpose of winning the presidency next year."

States Lodge's Policy.

"This, too, is the obvious objective of the foreign policy of the Republican party. I asked a prominent member of that party who happens to be an intimate personal friend of mine what the purpose or policy of Senator Lodge as chairman of the foreign relations committee. He said: 'That changes from day to day. When Mr. Lodge reads the morning paper at his breakfast table and sees what the president has said or done his policy for the next twenty-four hours becomes the diametrical opposite.'

"You could not get two Republican senators to agree on a definite foreign policy along constructive lines, but you can get a majority to oppose anything put forward by the president of the United States. To the treaty of peace and the proposed league of nations the Republican senate bears the same relation that the senatorial strategists around the store in a village store bear to the officers and men of our armies fighting at the front."

Palmer Defends Rulers.

Attorney General Palmer, in his key-note address, offered a general defense of the administrative record and declared that, on his record, it was entitled to write the political history of the United States for the next decade at least.

The hard won victory of American arms will prove but a hollow and unavailing triumph," he said, "if we do not make certain that out of it shall

## LEADERS WHO FRAMED DEMOCRATIC POLICIES

Men and Women in Attendance at Two Days' Session of National Committee, Which Has Been Held at Congress Hotel



Mrs. George Bass.

Front row left to right: Mrs. Pattie R. Jacobs of Alabama; Miss Mary Foy, California; Mrs. W. S. Metz, Wyoming; Mrs. Gertrude A. Lee, Colorado; Mrs. A. C. Shallenberger, Nebraska; Mrs. Edwin Bowler, Wisconsin; Mrs. Arthur Mullen, Mrs. W. R. Pattangall, Maine; Mrs. Anna Lauther, Iowa; Mrs. Teresa M. Graham, Idaho.

Back row, left to right: Miss C. O. Williams, Memphis; Mrs. John K. Otley, Atlanta, Ga.; Mrs. P. V. W. Pennybacker, Austin, Tex.; Mrs. Peter Olson of Minnesota; Mrs. Terese M. Graham of Idaho.

Center, left to right: Mrs. Peter Olson of Minnesota; Mrs. Terese M. Graham of Idaho.

Below: A. Mitchell Palmer.

J. P. Tumulty.

Miss Florence B. Allen.

Reserve system was foredoomed to failure? Was it not Senator Root who said that the Federal Reserve system would ruin the financial structure of America? Was it not Senator Penrose who took the same position? And did not all these gentlemen oppose the shipping bill which was urged by Secretary McAdoo two years before the war began? Was it not this same group of leaders who are responsible for the opposition to the income tax, the farm loan system, and the agricultural and labor bills?

Speaks for League.

Mr. Cummings spoke eloquently in defense of the league of nations covenant.

"For the first time," he said, "in the turbulent annals of the human race an agreement has been adopted, calculated to include ultimately all the nations of the world and to arrange international affairs, not in accordance with the outworn doctrines of another age, but in harmony with the principles of human justice applicable equally to the great and to the small."

"That an American president is engaged in this work should move every American heart, irrespective of party affiliation or personal prejudice, to a fervent prayer that he may succeed in his great task. Despite all obstacles and all discouragements he has persisted. Within a few weeks, if all goes well, he will return to America, bearing with him the greatest document of human liberty that was ever prepared by the hands of man. It is not conceivable that the malice of a few will be permitted to deny to America and to the world this measure of healing."

Joseph Tumulty, secretary to President Wilson, was in the chair reserved for the guest of honor, and listened with approval to the sledge hammer blows aimed by the cabinet members at the G. O. P.

Women Also Speak.

Women speakers were featured of the banquet. Of these Antonette Funk, former Progressive, aroused the greatest applause. Her talk was an invitation to Progressives to join the Democrats, she asserting that the election of Senator Penrose as chairman of the senate finance committee was a slap at the memory of Theodore Roosevelt. Mrs. George Bass, chairman of the woman's bureau of the national committee; Mrs. Peter Olson of Minnesota; Mrs. Pattie Ruffner Jacobs of Alabama; and Caroline Ruess of Connecticut also spoke.

## 'WOMEN'S VOTES CAN'T BE BOUGHT' STIRS APPLAUSE

Feminine Democrats Ask  
Wilson or Man Like  
Him in 1920.

Women leaders in the Democratic organization told what they were going to do to help the party sweep the nation next year at their session of the national committee yesterday.

Mrs. William R. Pattangall of Maine was applauded when she declared the "woman vote cannot be bought." She also declared it could not be wielded by ward heelers or carried off its feet by brass band methods or spraggle oratory.

"We must have the party club," she said, "that will carry the message to the workers which will convince them the election of a Democratic president will mean much to them and their children."

"If we cannot vote for Woodrow Wilson in 1920 we want to vote for some one as near like him as possible. We women of Maine intend to show you how much better we are than the Maine men have been."

She Assails the G. O. P.

There was no question in the mind of Mrs. Florence B. Allen of Ohio that the Democratic party possessed an appeal of value to the women of that state and the nation when enfranchised.

The \$0.000 plurality Ohio gave the president in 1916 was largely due to the women's pressure, she said in discussing "Shall We Organize Where We Have Not Voted?" and she predicted 1920 would be fought on the same issues, though intensified.

The Republican opposition, she said, would include "unpatriotic payers of war profits, those who were deprived of the privilege of furnishing embalmed beef to the boys in the trenches, and others of that type."

Mrs. Mary E. Foy of California told of intensive precinct work carried on in Los Angeles, though a Republican community.

Girls to Be Taught.

Mrs. Antonette Funk of Chicago, who will be director of the study club movement among the women, explained the plan, holding that not

## ATTORNEY GENERAL PALMER LIKELY TO SUPPORT DRY LAW

Attorney General Palmer yesterday talked guardedly of the attitude of the administration toward wine and beer after July 1 and the continuance of brewing under present conditions.

But he allowed the inference to be drawn, in discussing briefly the topic with a Tribune reporter, that he will turn his department into a police bureau for the suppression of breweries pending the final disposition of the litigation now pending in New York.

"We are waiting to see what the courts say," he said. "While our action cannot be forestalled at this time I assume that we will be interested in what the New York courts decide. In the meantime we may bring another test case somewhere else. But there is nothing to be said at this time as to what our settled policy may be when the time arrives for decisive action."

On the possibility of his becoming a candidate for president next year the attorney general only smiled and said he had nothing to say.

It developed during the day that Mr. Palmer can have the solid Illinois delegation to the national convention next year if President Wilson is not a candidate and is not opposing his attorney general.

The progressives and dry forces are for him, and Roger Sullivan and his wing of the party will not place any stones in his pathway.

only must the present generation of feminine voters—from 21 to 100—be taught Democratic principles—but also the generation approaching the voting age.

Mrs. Gertrude A. Lee of Colorado described the "fifty-fifty plan" of that state, whereby women have an equal political footing with men in the party machinery.

"We have found that you can get along without the precinct committee-man, but not the committee woman," said Mrs. Lee, and the men led the applause.

City Will Continue  
to License Brewers

The city will continue the issuance of brewers' licenses. Deputy City Collector George Lohman recently asked of intensive precinct work carried on in Los Angeles, though a Republican community.

## TODAY Special Dinner in Celebration of

Decoration Day  
Come With Your Family and Friends to

The  
Stevens Building  
Restaurant

Eighth Floor Stevens Building  
17 North State Street

We promise you as fine a Holiday Dinner as you ever sat down to, and it will be complete in every detail.

MENU

\$1.00 Per Cover

Served from 11 A. M. to 8:00 P. M.

CHOICE OF

Fresh Fruit Cocktail Orange Supreme

Southern Hot or Cold, on Toast Turkey Liver Patty, Apple

Garden Relishes Mixed Olives

CHOICE OF

Consomme, Princess Cream of Chicken, Hollandaise

Cold Tomato Bouillon, on Gelée

CHOICE OF

Broiled Lake Trout, Hotdish Serranos

Fried Fillet of Flounder, Sauce Remoulade

Stevens Special Vegetarian Dinner

Chicken a la King on Kamelin

Broiled Flat Mignon, Sauce Cabernet

Broiled Cal's Sweetbread on Casserole

Grilled Lamb Chops, Waldorf

Medallion of Pork Tenderloin, Gastrograms

Fried Milk-fed Chicken, Unjointed, with Corn Fritters and Cream Gravy

Roast Young Vermont Turkey, Farce, Cranberry Sauce

Roast Prime Ribs of Beef au Jus, Watercress

Assorted Cold Meats, Potato Salad

Fresh Shrimp or Chicken Salad, Mayonnaise

Mashed or au Gratin Potatoes Early June Peas on Cream

Hearts of Lettuce, French Dressing

CHOICE OF

Apple or Chocolate Cream Pie Rice Pudding, Marshmallow Sauce

Stewed Rhubarb Stewed Figs Walnut Cake Lady Fingers

Old Fashioned Strawberry Shortcake

Chocolate Sundae Mousse Meringue

Vanilla, Chocolate or Strawberry Ice Cream

Cream Cheese with Bar-le-Duc

CHOICE OF

Tee, Coffee, Milk, Buttermilk, Cocoa or Sweet Apple Cider

During dinner an appropriate, patriotic musical program will be provided.

The Stevens Building Restaurant  
The Finest Restaurant of Its Kind in the World

## CARSON PIRIE-SCOTT & Co

Store Closed Today—Memorial Day

This Store for Boys  
Is Making New Friends Every Day

Because here good clothes, styled in the way boys like, priced as low as is consistent with quality, bring such results that boys and mothers of boys must perforce recognize the advantages this Boys' Store offers.

Suits new in fabric, new in style, well made, well finished.

Specially Featured—  
Suits of All-Wool Blue Serge  
—At \$16.75

Carefully tailored in the popular waist-seam style with belts, of dependable all-wool blue serge. Sizes 7 to 16 years. They are featured at \$16.75.

Boys' Suits of Fancy Mixtures  
With Two Pairs of Knickerbockers,  
Featured at \$22.75

Of all-wool fancy mixtures in the smartest of styles, including the desired waist-seam effects. These suits can be worn with or without the loose belt. For boys of 7 to 18 years. Very specially priced, \$22.75.

Boys' Shirts at \$2.50 and Blouses at \$2

Of Japanese crepe fabrics in plain shades of pink and blue. Shirts made with collars attached or separate in sizes from 12 to 14-inch neckbands, \$2.50. Blouses made with collars attached for boys who wear sizes from 6 to 15 years, \$2.



Second Floor, South

## VENUS PENCILS

12 Black Diagrams and 3 Copying

The Largest Selling  
Quality Pencil in the World

Supreme unvarying  
quality has made them  
premier in every  
part of the world.

American Lead Pencil Co.

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## CHADSEY ASKS PROSECUTION IN SCHOOL FIGHT

Hayne Says He Will Act if Crime Charge Is Justified.

(Continued from first page.)

asked about his connection with it?"

asked.

Chadsey's Case Leads.

Mr. Chadsey's case is the principal

one in the proceedings started by Mr.

Hayne. Mr. Chadsey was chosen as

superintendent of schools by a commission

composed of representatives

citizens of the city. This recom-

ended his appointment and the Leah

board appointed him. He has not been

paid since, as the wages and his side

refuse to admit that his appointment

was legal.

On May 19, before the appointment

of the new board, Mr. Chadsey wrote

to Mr. Hayne, saying that he had

been informed that there was a move

by certain of the city officials to

prevent the superintendent of schools

from carrying out effective educational

plans.

Letter From Chadsey.

The letter in part follows:

"I undertook the work here as super-

intendent of schools, and as such, I

was entirely ignorant of the

political situation, and interested only

in the opportunity of serving the

children of Chicago as the leader of the

educational forces of the city.

"I have since come to the conviction

on account of statements claimed to

have been made at many times and for

other reasons, that there is a desire on

the part of some of the city officials

to prevent the superintendent of schools

from carrying out effective educational

plans. This is evidenced in part

by purporting interviews that the

superintendent should resign as a

result of the spring elections, intimations

that the appointment of a new board

is illegal.

Save for Happiness

You build character and credit

when you pile up your dollars

in a Central Trust savings

bank account. It cannot help

but make you happier.

CENTRAL TRUST

COMPANY OF ILLINOIS

125 West Monroe Street

Under National

State and

Clearing House

Supervision

Member Federal

Reserve Bank

of Chicago

A Bank of SERVICE

and SAFETY.

"CENTRAL" SEE YOUR BANKING

Check—Savings—Loans—Trust

Lambert's

Best Flour

THE MOST BREAD

THE BEST FLOUR

THE MOST BREAD

THE BEST FLOUR

THE MOST BREAD

THE BEST FLOUR

THE MOST BREAD

THE BEST FLOUR

## CHICAGO AVIATOR IS ASSIGNED TO HONOLULU FIELD

John A. Warrington, engineer and instructor in the U. S. aviation service, has been assigned to Honolulu, where he will be in charge of the Hawaiian aviation school.

Mr. Warrington is a native of Chicago, and has been in the service since 1914. He is a member of the Aero Club of America, and has been a pilot for several years.

He is the son of Mr. John Warrington, a well-known Chicagoan, and is a member of the Aero Club of America.

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## TORONTO JOINS STRIKE SWEEPING OVER CANADA

Union Leaders Refuse to Arbitrate with the Employers.

(Continued from first page.)

legiance which prohibits sympathetic

strikes.

The action of the police commission

today was considered the most aggressive

yet taken by the city to

combat the power of the union leaders.

The police commission's attitude was

referred to by city officials as a direct

challenge to the labor leaders for a

"showdown."

Clarks in city departments were kept

busy today enrolling applicants for

positions vacated by employees on

strike. A number of applicants are

returned soldiers. Members of the

city council were busy today

completing arrangements for a city-

wide cleanup campaign tomorrow.

The leading federal development

came late today when a dispatch was

received from Ottawa announcing that

the new civil service bill will include

substantial increases for some

branches and that no employee will

receive a decrease in pay.

The places of Winnipeg clerks who

quit work have been filled. Postmaster

F. C. McIntyre announced.

Those railway mail clerks of the Win-

nipeg division who went out on sym-

pathetic strike Tuesday night are return-

ing to work. Late this afternoon the

strikers appeared before Gideon Rob-

ertson, federal minister of labor, and

asked permission to resume their work.

They were allowed to do so, having

made application before the twenty-

four hours ultimatum of the govern-

ment had expired.

Bulk at Wage Award.

Columbus, O., May 29.—The Broth-

erhood of Railroad Trainmen, in ses-

sion here today adopted a resolution

expressing disapproval of the last wage

award made by the federal railroad ad-

ministration. The resolution stipulated

certain conditions it should have

covered that it did not. A committee

was named to take up the matter with

the railroad administration for immediate

adjustment.

Bonner Takes Walker's

Place in Jobs Bureau

Mr. John S. Bonner, U. S. A., of

Gen. Wood's staff, has been loaned to

the job bureau of justice, 190 West

Madison street, in temporary, to succeed

Dudley Walker, resigned.

Mr. Bonner is a member of the

bar, and has been in the service of

the justice department for several

years. He is a member of the

bar, and has been in the service of

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CITY WILL PAY  
TRIBUTE TODAY  
TO HEROIC DEAD300,000 Children Hold  
Exercises on Eve of  
Great Day.

tribute to the nation's hero dead; thanksgiving for a new world era; a living pledge to future glory—this is the trinity of national ideals that today will mark Chicago's great Memorial day observance.

All preparations were completed for the parade which will be the chief feature of the city's program, and detailed arrangements were made for hundreds of memorial services to be held by veteran and patriotic organizations.

**Soldiers of Three Wars.**

For the first time in history Chicago will see soldiers of yesterday, today and tomorrow marching side by side in honor of the hero dead," said Gen. La Roy T. Stewart, "and with them the women and men who have served soldiers in the field. Veterans of three wars and the manhood of three generations are coming together in mutual tribute and to make the most inspiring spectacle that most of us have experienced."

Grand army heroes will have the place of honor in all exercises. But in their support will come the big forces of younger Chicago whose service on the field has written the supplement to G. A. R. ideals.

Three hundred thousand school children gave their fresh tribute to the nation's hero dead yesterday when patriotic exercises were held in assembly rooms of every Chicago school building. Scores of speakers, drawn from the ranks of the G. A. R. and other patriotic societies, made schoolroom addresses.

**Mortenson Speaks.**

Services rendered city, state, and nation by boys and girls in Chicago schools during the great war gave them place in the front line of patriots in our national observance this year," said F. A. Mortenson told students of the Crane High school, where Victory Day exercises were distributed as part of the exercises. "Remember what America was fighting for in that war and in the other struggles of the past and we see to it that the ideals underlying these struggles are maintained."

Two thousand cadets in uniform marched behind the school band of six pieces to the Marshall school building as part of the observance.

Twenty-four students of the Lane high school marched to Lincoln park, where elaborate exercises were held in the morning. Twenty-four men from the Lane school were lost in action.

The United Confederate Veterans and the United Daughters of the Confederacy will hold memorial services in Oakwood cemetery at 10:30 a. m. Attorney Alexander H. Heyman will be the speaker.

## DECORATE YANKS' GRAVES

BY SPEARMAN LEWIS.  
(Chicago Tribune Foreign News Service.)  
(By Special Cable.)

PARIS, May 29.—From his big heart and slender purse the American dough boy will pour forth more than 50,000 francs for the decoration of graves Memorial day of "the boys they leave behind."

Of this amount 40,000 francs already have reached the Memorial day fund, opened by the Paris edition of this Chicago Tribune, with the balance in banks awaiting opening and coming to be by mail and courier.

Never has the doughboy responded more magnificently since he went over the top for the flag.

President Wilson will speak at 2 p. m. in Memorial day at the Surcouf cemetery just outside Paris, where 8,000 American dead are buried. Most of these men fell near Paris and many of them were rushed to the Paris hospitals before they died.

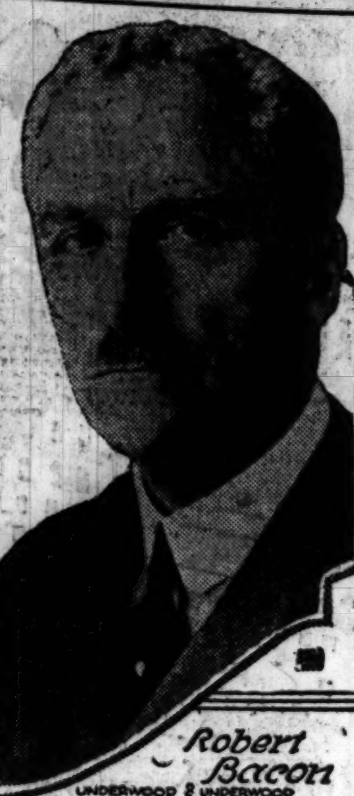
Gen. Pershing will speak at 2 p. m. in the Argonne where 12,000 graves already have been concentrated with plans made for a total of 26,000. It is that area this is to be the largest military cemetery of the American expeditionary forces.

June  
Wedding  
Rings—

THE sacred regard with which the wedding ring is cherished through life makes a careful choice of the token imperative.

Lebolt's able advice and studied counsel in the selection of jewelry assures a perfect purchase.

**LEBOLT & COMPANY**  
CHICAGO HOUSE  
101 S. State Street  
NEW YORK HOUSE  
534 Fifth Avenue

NOTED DIPLOMAT  
AND FINANCIER  
TAKEN BY DEATHBE TRUE TO HEROES,  
WILSON SEES LESSON  
FOR MEMORIAL DAY

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 29.—President Wilson has called the following Memorial day message to the American people:

"My Fellow Countrymen: Memorial day wears this year an added significance and I wish, if only by a message, to take part with you in its observance and in expressing the sentiments which it inevitably suggests."

"In observing the day we commemorate not only the reunion of our own country but also how the liberation of the world from one of the most serious dangers to which free government and the free life of men were ever exposed. We have buried the gallant and now immortal men who died in this great war of liberation with a new sense of consecration."

"Our thoughts and purpose now are consecrated to the maintenance of the liberty of the world and of the union of its people in a single comradeship of liberty and of right. It was for this that our men conscientiously offered their lives. They came to the field of battle with the high spirit and pure heart of crusaders. We must never forget the duty that their sacrifice has laid upon us of fulfilling their hopes and their purpose to the utmost."

"This, it seems to me, is the imperative lesson and the inspiring mandate of the day."  
WOODROW WILSON.

BLUE SKY TRIAL  
HALTS AS LANDIS  
GOES AFISHIN'

A rainbow crossed the "blue sky" of the Consumers' Packing and Black Diamond Oil company inquiries in the federal court yesterday, indicating a full stop to the trial. In order to fish the elusive rainbow trout, Judge Landis ceased angling for assets in the defunct corporations.

Mrs. Laura Egan, 1815 Carmen avenue, was on the stand today in the trial of the Consumers' Packing and Black Diamond Oil company, when the judge adjourned court until August.

The day in court was not without event. Judge Landis issued an order holding to the grand jury in bonds of \$25,000 John A. Shalito of New York, general counsel for the Black Diamond company; the Rev. Harry C. Chambers of Chicago and West Union, Ia., former fiscal agent for the company, and Col. E. C. Low of De Kalb, Ill., a trustee and promoter.

**DOCTOR AND TWO ADMITTED.**

Dr. James A. Stough, 329 South Ashland avenue; Mrs. Alice Kennedy, 230 South Dearborn avenue; and Fred Conrady, 408 South Dearborn avenue, a former at St. Louis, Mo., were acquitted by a jury yesterday in Judge Landis' court, where they were tried on charges of performing an illegal operation on Miss Alma Heidenway, 610 Hannah avenue, Forest Park.

ROBERT BACON,  
FINANCIER AND  
DIPLOMAT, DIESFormer U.S. Ambassador  
to France Succumbs to  
Brief Illness.

New York, May 29.—[Special.]—Robert Bacon, financier and former ambassador to France, died at 11:30 o'clock tonight at the New York Eye and Ear hospital.

Mr. Bacon had been suffering from mastoiditis for some time but only went to the hospital a few days ago. He was operated on Tuesday and for a short time seemed to improve. His condition, however, was serious and he soon began to fail, sinking rapidly until the end came.

**Career of Bacon.**

Robert Bacon was born in Boston on July 1, 1864. He entered Harvard university in 1877, and it was there that his friendship with Theodore Roosevelt began.

He came to New York in 1888, and became a member of the banking firm of E. Rollins Morse & Bro. Subsequently he became associated with the late J. Pierpont Morgan. The older man recognized Bacon's financial sagacity and made him a member of the firm. He soon came to be looked on as one of the great figures in the financial world. Railroads and large industrial enterprises were his particular specialties.

When Mr. Morgan was in Europe, the corner in Northern Pacific, which resulted in the panic, was carried through. It was at this time that Mr. Bacon, to all intents and purposes the acting head of the firm, demonstrated his great abilities.

**Brought About Steamship Merger.**

Mr. Bacon generally received credit for a long series of negotiations that resulted in 1902 in the great steamship merger, which resulted in the formation of the International Mercantile Marine.

He was of great aid to President Roosevelt in the big coal strike in 1902.

Mr. Bacon was sent to France as ambassador in December, 1909, and resigned in January, 1912, to take up his appointment to the post of a member of the board of overseers of Harvard university.

The European war was only a few months old when Mr. Bacon went to France in connection with the work of the Harvard surgical unit with the British army and the American ambulance hospital in Paris. He was a lieutenant colonel on the staff of Gen. Pershing and was awarded the Distinguished Service medal for his meritorious services.

In 1910 Mr. Bacon married Martha Waldron Cowdin. The children of the marriage are Robert L. Gaspar, G. Elliot, and Martha Bacon.

**BLAMES HIS MOTHER-IN-LAW.**

Harry Katz, 19 years old, 1452 Hastings street, attempted suicide yesterday by drinking muriatic acid at his home. He told the police he objected to his mother-in-law making her home with himself and wife.

## VETERANS OF 3 WARS MARCH TODAY

AMERICA's new conception of Memorial day will be expressed today in Chicago's huge procession of patriotism, formed as follows:

**First Division.**

Veteran division, G. A. R., east side Michigan avenue at Ninth street. James R. Thacker, division marshal.

**Second Division.**

United Spanish War Veterans, Veterans of the Philippine Insurrection, Cuban, Porto Rican, and Boxer campaigns, Santiago society, British-Colonial-Canadian Great War Veterans, formed between Harrison and Eighth streets. Col. John J. Garrity, division marshal.

**Third Division.**

World War Veterans, Lieut. Col. Thomas S. Hammond, marshal, formed north side of Eighth street.

**Fourth Division.**

Eleventh infantry regiment, L. N. G., formed south side of Eighth street. Col. James E. Stuart, marshal.

**Fifth Division.**

First infantry brigade, Illinois Reserve militia, formed in Grant park north of Eighth street. Col. Joseph C. Wilson, commanding.

**Sixth Division.**

Cadets of Northwestern Military and Naval academy, formed in Grant park south of Eighth street. Col. Royal P. Davidson, division marshal.

**Seventh Division.**

Chicago School No. 2, C. C., Capt. P. L. Basile, commanding; St. Ignace college, R. O. T. C., Lieut. M. C. Boyle, commanding, formed in Grant park south of Eighth street.

**Eighth Division.**

Red Cross, J. D. Chapin, commanding; Salvation Army and War Relief organization, Lieut. Col. John T. Flynn, commanding, formed in Grant park between Eighth street and Eleventh place.

**Line of March—Michigan north to Randolph, west to Basle, south to Jackson,**

west to La Salle, north to Randolph, west to Market, disband.

Assembly in Grant park, 2 to 3:30 p. m. March to begin at 3 p. m.

Following the parade G. A. R. posts will proceed to the decoration of graves according to previous assignment.

M'NEIL, "BROKE,"  
SCHEDULES GIRL'S  
\$100,000 SUIT

A voluntary petition in bankruptcy was filed yesterday in the United States District court by Charles H. McNeil, 315 East Grand avenue, in which he schedules his liabilities at \$120,454 and assets at \$1898.

The principal creditor named in the petition is Miss Elizabeth Moore, care John P. Franderport, 208 South La Salle street, for whom McNeil schedules \$100,000 alleged to be due on a breach of promise suit pending against him, started by Miss Moore about a year ago.

McNeil is a son of Malcolm McNeil of McNeil & Higgins.

Claims of the following also were listed: Green Mill Gardens, \$80; Hotel Sherman company, \$100; Hotel Stratford, \$50; Rismark Hotel company, \$100; Van Nuys hotel, Los Angeles, \$800; Briggs Floral company, \$70; and Carson Pitts Scott & Co., \$150.

John J. Halsey, professor of political and social science at Lake Forest college, died yesterday at the North Shore sanitarium, Winnetka, of paralysis brought on, it was said, by overexertion in war work in the early part of last summer. He is survived by a widow, who was formerly Elizabeth Gardner, and a daughter, Katherine.

Prof. Halsey was well known among the wealthy residents of the Lake Forest district. He often was invited to their homes to speak on political and international questions. He was an intimate friend of Cyrus McCormick and Hobart Chaffin Taylor. He also spoke before Chicago clubs.

He was born in Louisville, Ky., Nov. 23, 1848, the son of a minister. He came to Chicago in 1869 and was graduated from the old Chicago university in 1870. He took up newspaper work and for a short time was on the staff of The Tribune and of the Inter Ocean.

Prof. Halsey accepted his position at Lake Forest in 1878 and served continuously up to May, 1918. At various times he served as acting president of the university and in 1901 received a call from Leland Stanford university but did not accept.

## Mandel Brothers

Men's shop, second floor.

In a sale for men and young men:

3,400 suits at substantial savings

Closing out a manufacturer's samples and small lots, on which we were allowed a very considerable price concession. The resultant values are apparent in two underpriced groups:

Group A—1,850 suits at 26<sup>50</sup>Group B—1,550 suits at 33<sup>50</sup>

Business suits, outing suits, semi-dress suits; sports suits; Brandegee-Kincaid clothes included. Soldiers and sailors seeking civilian clothes will appreciate the benefits in this sale. Ultra styles—conservative styles—for men of whatever preference; and sizes for men of all builds.

## Mandel Brothers

Misses' section, fourth floor.

Modes with youth and distinction for misses and small women

A widely varied collection of the season's smartest styles and most fashionable materials assures a choice satisfying to every individual taste.



Misses' chic tricotine suits, \$45

Misses' summer silk frocks, \$30

A clever model, accentuated by smart lines and a charming vest of tricotette. The suit is illustrated.

Misses' capes, in popular styles, at \$25

The cape illustrated is of serge and lined with fancy silk. Also other styles at \$25.

For Twenty-five Years

The QUALITY of This Tea Has "LOOMED UP" Conspicuously Above a Hundred IMITATORS.

## "SALADA"

The Tea with a Reputation

Refuse Substitutes } Sealed Packets Only. Black, Green or Mixed.

Floral Offerings

Every Housewife should be an EXPERT PURCHASING AGENT. She should know how to BUY as well as the merchant knows how to SELL. She will if she reads Tribune advertising.

25 E. Madison St. Tel. Cent. 377—All Departments

Take a good look at the next load of Energy Coal you see

The Energy trade mark means Good Coal and Good Service.

Energy Coal is mined and sold by

Taylor Coal Co.

1215 Old Colony Bldg., Chicago

Telephone Harris on 5521

Southwestern Office, St. Louis

Domestic sales sold by reliable retail dealers.







Frenchy, Come to Luncheon.  
 Mammy o' Mine.  
 Johnny's in Town.  
 Yama Yama Blues.  
 Till We Meet Again.  
 which usually cost  
 (Second Floor.)

69c







## UTILITIES BILL 'STRIKE' DUE IN HOUSE TUESDAY

Downstate Communities' Representatives to Force Issue.

BY E. O. PHILLIPS.

Springfield, Ill., May 29.—(Special)—The threatened legislative "strike" is to be pulled Tuesday. That was the word of Representative Snell, a downstate house member from Ma-

son, as the house adjourned after a busy session. The threat is an agreement that the subcommittee of the house on public utilities will meet at 9 o'clock Tuesday morning to

consider the proposed rule which would permit city and county boards to have the right to operate public utilities within their boundaries.

Nothing to Affect Chicago. There is a radical change in the plan of the anticipated "strike" there will be nothing involved in the proposed holding that affects Chicago.

An agreement seems to have been reached, as stated today by Representative Snell, in charge of the proposed bill, that the subcommittee of the house on public utilities will meet at 9 o'clock Tuesday morning.

The house and senate will adjourn under joint resolution at 10 o'clock Tuesday morning at 9:30 o'clock. The reception on Monday in Chicago of Col. Sanborn's regiment and the Illinois units that are on the line.

Meet Get 77 Votes. The house rule bill emerges from the committee at the 77th vote. The committee report that the bill will be passed. Should the committee report that the bill will be passed, the house will pass it.

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## MAJ. R. M. WOODS, G. A. R. VETERAN, DIES SUDDENLY

MAJ. R. M. Woods, civil war veteran and former department commander in Illinois of the Grand Army of the Republic, died yesterday afternoon in the drug store of William Fischer, 2491 South Halsted street. Death was caused by heart disease. Maj. Woods was 79 years old. He was born in Greenville, Pa., April 17, 1840.

Maj. Woods served throughout the civil war, advancing to the rank of major. At the close of the war he helped organize the G. A. R. and was commander of the Illinois department in 1904-1905. He was a member of the Illinois grand army of the Republic.

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## CITY HELD BACK BY LAWMAKERS, ASSERTS WACKER

Others Praise Progress While Legislature Hesitates.

Chicago is getting credit in other cities for doing things in a large way on public improvement matters, but the legislature is holding back the city's powers to go ahead on this program, Charles H. Wacker, president of the Chicago plan commission, declared yesterday.

"While the Illinois legislature is hesitating over Chicago's financial situation, New York and Los Angeles, ignorant of the situation, are praising Chicago for its progress," said Mr. Wacker.

"Chicago must fight to hold its own with first class cities and to deserve the admiration accorded it."

Abbott's Frame Check. "Lyman Abbott, editor of The Outlook, says in that magazine this month: 'Chicago, having been one of the ugliest and richest cities in the country, is rapidly becoming one of the most beautiful and intelligent. Its conversion, which cannot help fail, to have its effect on other cities of the country is either the cause or the effect. It is hard to tell which, of the city planning movement.'"

"To this sincerely felt tribute to the new and fine spirit of Chicago we cannot resist adding the observation that no one need be anxious lest all these fine new works and aspirations are going to take away that big heartedness, gentleness, and naturalness which made the people of Chicago very likeable, even in the days when the physical aspect of the city was something of a horror to the eye."

"Go to it, Chicago! In this work of city planning you are not only helping yourself, you are helping the country."

Pleads for Bonds. "The same day Mr. Abbott's editorial came out," continued Mr. Wacker, "I received a letter from the Los Angeles chamber of commerce, which said: 'We are sure you will be interested in knowing the city planning committee of Los Angeles has devoted considerable study to the work of the Chicago plan commission, with deep interest and much profit. We will let our part of the world know what you are doing.'"

"Along with all this I have just received a statement which shows London's per capita indebtedness as \$120, Paris \$100, and even little but beautiful Rio de Janeiro in South America, as \$45. Chicago has only \$28.70, which same people are trying to make us believe is enough to make our city what every Chicagoan wants it to be, and what it must be, if we are to continue to hold our rightful place among the great cities of the world."

"If the state legislature does not act now in favor of the increased bonding power legislation, it will strike Chicago the most severe blow it has ever received."

## Café-Cawfee COFFEE

Three soldiers crouched in the front line trench—cold, weary, hungry. Suddenly they sniffed, smiled and said in unison—"Cawfee," from the Poils; "Cawfee," from the Tonny; and from the Yank—"Coffee!"

COFFEE is the fighting man's drink. It did its bit in the war right manfully. In the camp, on the march, at the front, in the hut and hospital, wherever men fought and bled and suffered and died,—there was coffee.

Ever and always the cry was—coffee! Because it gives cheer and comfort, and courage. It is soothing, quieting, sustaining. The tired man calls for it. Exhausted nature asks for it. After the lesson of this war,—who shall say that coffee is not healthful—and needful?

Be thankful for coffee—for the delight of it, the benefit of it, the real down-right goodness of it. There is nothing in the world you would miss one-half so much as coffee,—if you were suddenly deprived of it!

Indeed—coffee is one of the truest and "realest" of friends that Nature has given to men. Let us rejoice in it, and revel in it. Let us glory in the charm and flavor and piquancy of it. Let us toast our friends in it—"Here's to your health and happiness!"

Coffee—the Universal drink



## Today

A DAY to make us pause in reverent meditation for those who offered noble sacrifice in our country's cause.

A DAY made sacred by our heroic dead—taking new significance in that it memorializes those who vanquished autocracy as well as those who half a century ago saved this nation from division.

A DAY that, while bidding fervent welcome to those escaped from the shadow of the grave, pays tender tribute to those who died that democracy might live.

A DAY when this Institution bows in homage to those symbolized on our Service Flag by stars of gold.

MARSHALL FIELD  
& COMPANY



# The Chicago Tribune

THE WORLD'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER

## Offers FACTS to Sales Managers and Men Who Pay for Advertising

A BOOKLET recently published by the Bureau of Education at Washington is devoted to a scientific analysis of "concentration of population, industries and institutions." It explains the reasons for the growth of great cities—politics, accidents, agriculture, fuel, transportation, war and other factors which constitute the fundamental causes of urban growth. Then the booklet contains this highly significant statement:

### "A Location May Combine All Advantages"

"Sometimes a location may combine all the qualities needed to draw population. Chicago has such a situation. Farms, cattle ranges, and materials for manufacture are all in reach. The world's greatest inland waterway and railroad system furnish opportunity to transport the goods made there. At the same time Chicago is a distribution center for the food products of the West and the manufactured goods of the East."

William Joseph Showalter of the National Geographic Society draws a vivid picture of the development of Chicago in the following paragraph:

"Chicago is a little empire in itself. Thirteen American states have fewer churches; thirty-seven have smaller populations; many states have fewer miles of roads than the Windy City has of streets. It has more telephones than Montana has people. There are nations whose postal business is not nearly as great as that handled by the Chicago postoffice; countries by the dozen that spend less money for governmental purposes; even continents that move less freight than is carried into, out of, and through this one city."

This astounding growth of a frontier outpost to a world metropolis is due, of course, to the rich productive territory which surrounds it. The following is a summary of position occupied by The Chicago Territory, comprising Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Michigan and Wisconsin:

The Chicago Territory occupies less than one-eighth of the area of the United States, but has approximately one-sixth of the population of the nation and one-fifth of the total wealth; raises more than one-fifth of the farm crops; mines approximately one-seventh of the coal and ores; and produces one-fifth of the manufactures of the forty-eight states.

Other districts are more densely populated; others produce more coal, others more ore, and so on. But no other district has such a well-rounded development of all fundamental sources of wealth, in such a compact, homogeneous community as that tributary to Chicago.

It was natural that this splendid market should produce a great newspaper. For two generations THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE has been a national influence—loved, hated, admired, feared, quoted, denounced, revered, hissed, defended, attacked—but never ignored. From the days when Joseph Medill led the fight for Abraham Lincoln to the establishment of The Army Edition in Paris during the World War, THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE has been a dynamic force in every important movement.

### Tribune Ideals of Service

Of all the features which distinguish THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE from other papers, none is more important than its policy of serving both readers and advertisers. Departments of service bring scores of thousands of letters from TRIBUNE readers every year. They are assisted in every problem of life by TRIBUNE experts. Similarly, though in an entirely different manner, the advertising department of THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE has built up many departments of service to advertisers.

Consider, for instance, the following policy which guides THE TRIBUNE in accepting what advertising men call "general" or "foreign" advertising.

THE TRIBUNE considers it a waste of money to advertise a product distributed through the retail and jobbing trade—unless that trade has been supplied with merchandise to take care of the consumer demand when created.

The old theory of advertising was that it forced people to demand a certain product of the retailer until he was forced to demand it of his jobber in such numbers that the jobber eventually secured it from the manufacturer. There were two weak links in this chain. In the first place the advertiser was frequently "broke" before the circle was complete and money began flowing back to him to compensate for his great advertising outlay. In the second place, by the time the product reached the retailer the consumer had forgotten his original request for it, or had been well satisfied with a substitute.

CHICAGO TRIBUNE Merchandising Service has replaced these weak links with strong ones, making CHICAGO TRIBUNE advertising an investment, not a speculation.

THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE Merchandising Service does not sell goods for any manufacturer, but it does furnish the manufacturer with advice and knowledge, with definite systematic plans for covering The Chicago Territory.

### Typical Tribune Success

Following is the experience of a food product manufacturer who came to THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE for advice concerning the marketing of his product in The Chicago Territory. An investigation was first made to determine the market for his product, also to develop in advance all probable sales obstacles and devise means for meeting them. The advertiser's agency prepared a campaign of prompt and quality to create a big consumer demand. Merchandising experts of THE TRIBUNE then supervised the selection and training of a force of specialty salesmen to cover the Chicago market. These salesmen were instructed by TRIBUNE experts in how to sell Chicago dealers on the strength of CHICAGO

## This is one of the 56 pages in The Chicago Tribune 1919 BOOK OF FACTS

It gives you some idea of Chicago Tribune thoroughness in securing and presenting facts. The text on this page summarizes some of the topics treated in this book.

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TRIBUNE advertising. They were furnished with press folios containing proofs of the campaign to be run and a letter from THE TRIBUNE stating that it had received a non-cancellable contract from this advertiser for a specific amount of space to be run within a definite period.

These salesmen were sent out into the districts into which THE TRIBUNE has divided Chicago, provided with route lists of dealers in each district. Their reports were checked each night by TRIBUNE merchandising men competent to say whether each salesman was getting out of his district the proper volume of sales. TRIBUNE guidance enabled the poorer salesmen to be weeded out, the better ones encouraged, and every district in this great metropolis to be intensively and properly covered.

This sales campaign was carried on for six weeks before a line of advertising ran. Eight salesmen were used, many technical obstacles in the marketing of the product were encountered. Delayed shipments added to the difficulties.

Nevertheless, at the end of six weeks, 2,288 retail dealers were secured in the city of Chicago proper, and about 1,000 more outside Chicago. The average order was one and one-quarter cases, the cost of securing each dealer was \$9.62. In addition, 112 jobbers were secured. The total sales amounted to almost six times the advertising appropriation. Three months after the advertising campaign began, this article had a distribution of 5,000 dealers in Chicago alone, and from forty to fifty per cent of all available dealers outside Chicago in The Chicago Territory. Then, when the advertising was presented at THE TRIBUNE's readers, 400,000 Daily and 700,000 Sunday, the flow of goods from maker to user started instantly and profusely.

### More Circulation for Less Money

Every advertiser in national publications is now spending from one-sixth to one-fifth of his appropriation in Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Michigan and Wisconsin, because from one-sixth to one-fifth of the circulation of the magazines which he uses is in these five states. If his appropriation is \$100,000, approximately \$20,000 should be charged to The Chicago Territory.

It is, therefore, pertinent that he ask himself whether he is using the most efficient economical means of covering this great market from an advertising standpoint. Advertising in various publications must be reduced to some common denominator before comparisons can be made. The usual basis is the cost per square inch of space per thousand of circulation. The following figures (showing cost of space per square inch per thousand) speak for themselves:

21 Standard Magazines	1002
11 Women's Magazines	1002
7 Leading Weeklies	1002
Saturday Evening Post	1004
303 Sunday Newspapers (minimum)	1017
36 Morning Newspapers (minimum)	1019
1647 Evening Newspapers (minimum)	1023
59 Metropolitan Morning Newspapers (gross)	1015
38 Metropolitan Evening Newspapers (gross)	1014
78 Metropolitan Sunday Newspapers (gross)	1014
(Chicago Daily Tribune (minimum))	1001
(Chicago Sunday Tribune (minimum))	1008

Advertisers sometimes labor under the delusion that they are not "national" advertisers unless their advertising is concentrated in national magazines. Spryly at this mistake, John Sullivan, Secretary-Treasurer of the Association of National Advertisers, says:

"IF ONLY ADVERTISING MEN WOULD THINK OF ADVERTISING IN TERMS OF DISTRIBUTION, SUCH A MISTAKE WOULD NEVER BE MADE. A national advertiser is a firm which has obtained more or less thorough distribution of its products throughout the United States and which advertises to support or extend that distribution."

"Advertising per se does not pay. Finding the market and knowing the market, and then coordinating sales and advertising does."

It is indeed true that many advertising failures would have been avoided if distribution had been given proper consideration.

### Co-ordinate Sales and Advertising

This nation of 100,000,000 people cannot be handled efficiently from a sales standpoint until it is broken up into sections. Every large organization purporting to cover the entire United States finds branch houses, district managers, sales territories, etc., absolutely imperative.

No jobber can sell the Chicago grocer but the Chicago jobber. No jobber can sell the San Francisco grocer but a San Francisco jobber. The grocers of White, Iowa, are sold by jobbers from Chicago and from Iowa cities, but seldom by New York jobbers. The grocers of White Pigeon, Michigan, are sold by jobbers from Michigan and from Chicago, but never by jobbers from Philadelphia.

These are obvious merchandising axioms. One would think that his everyday knowledge of their truth would inspire every advertiser to adopt the corollary of localized advertising effort. Nevertheless, as Mr. Sullivan points out, some people think that "national advertising" precludes localized advertising and necessitates the use of national periodicals.

Some advertisers fear that in order to use newspapers they must use every one of the more than 2,000 dailies in the United States, but a tabulation made by THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE and contained in the BOOK OF FACTS shows that 78 Sunday newspapers located in 48 metropolitan centers, not only reach practically all the English speaking inhabitants of those cities, but reach two families in seven outside those cities.

The World's Greatest Newspaper stands ready to aid any worthy advertiser in building sales in the world's most desirable market. A merchandising expert will be glad to call and discuss your problems with you.

The Chicago Tribune's 1919 Book of Facts sent free to any agency, bank, manufacturer or selling organization if requested on business stationery















Store closed today. Charge purchases made Saturday will be posted to June accounts—payable in July—on patrons' request.

## Saturday sales at Mandel Brothers

### Summer hats for June ensembles with every type of frock or suit

Hats that are variously becoming to matron, young woman, miss or girl.

Navy blue hats to make cape costumes delightful; leghorns with field flowers and velvet ribbons conjuring visions of light summer frocks.

Transparent black hair, tulle, and lace hats, summery with glycerine ostrich or a touch of color. Orchid hats, jade hats, and stunning effects in white—suggestive of the bride. Moderately priced, \$10 to \$25.

Three hundred spring and summer hats

at \$5-7.50-10

—reduced to gain space

for daily arrivals of light summer hats. Clearing pokes, sailors, tricorne, side rolls, wide brimmed floppy hats, mushrooms, turbans, and other fashionable shapes. Qualities are eminently satisfying; styles exclusive. Reductions range from a third to a half.

Artistic design—exquisite coloring—imbued with fascination—

### women's frocks for midsummer

—taffeta, crepe de chine and dotted net

Distinction, individuality, in every frock; a selection broad enough to afford a style for any occasion—and prices of exceptional attractiveness.



At \$30

At \$35

At \$45

Frocks of Swiss taffeta, featuring the new pocket silhouette; the bodice set off with buttons and soft frilled collar. Pictured.

Crepe de chine frocks, in all summer shades, also white; pin tucked organdy vestee trimmed with pearl buttons. Sketched.

Frocks of dotted net over taffeta; in navy or black, with large sash of self or contrasting colored moire ribbon. Fourth floor.

Saturday we shall dispose of small lots of—

### boys' suits at large reductions



Norfolk suits of durable fabrics in fancy mixed patterns, and, thoroughly reliable in manufacture; many with two pairs trousers;

at 7.75

Reductions all the way from 33 1/2 to 50 per cent.

Men's army and navy uniforms and accessories reduced. Boys' military and naval uniforms and accessories at lowest figures. Special quotations made to schools and other boys' institutions.

Youths' first long trouser suits, 26.50

Some late models and fabrics as in big brothers' suit, but cut on smaller lines. Sizes 15 to 21.

Langham high clothes here exclusively

Suits made especially for high school boys' in sizes 15 to 21; and priced at \$6.50 to \$55. Second floor.

Little boys' overcoats at 6.95

Broken lots, and odds and ends; weights suitable for wear now and in early fall. Newest models in serge and fancy mixtures. 3 to 8 years. One third saving.

### Chicago headquarters for women's "Futurist" underwear

Worn under the corset and excellently shaped; cool, refreshing undergarments in



many sheer fabrics, including French batiste, Jap silk and crepe de chine. Shoulder strap or bodice model.

At 1.25

"Futurist" union suits of sheer French batiste, of the lingerie kind; all sizes. Third floor.

At \$2

"Futurist" union suits of soft mercerized figured marquisette, very cool and refreshing.

### 6,000 women's h'dkfs —summer novelties—25c

High colored handkerchiefs in checks and gingham effects; also white linen handkerchiefs with corner embroidery at 25c.

7,200 men's linen handkerchiefs a third below regular at 25c

Full sized handkerchiefs with 2-inch hem. First floor.



Jewelry shop, first floor.

### White corals for girl graduates

Many are selecting corals as remembrances on "graduation day," knowing in advance that young womanhood admires above all things the effect of a coral necklace against a girlish white frock.

Featuring a new importation of coral bead necklaces

in pure white, or white with a pink tint. Assorted sizes and graduations, and exceptional values, at \$7 to \$40 a string.

Mandel Brothers

For boys, youths, young men:

### 1,500 knockabout suits about half price

Rough and ready togs for country boy and city boy; for all kinds of workaday purposes, as well as games and outings. Ideal suits for training camps, school camps, or other camps.

9.75

Suits of quality 13-ounce olive drab moleskin, waterproof and strongly made; coat with two patch pockets and sewed down belt; long trousers with 1 1/2 in. cuffs. Sizes 31 to 38 chest. Illustrated. Priced at 9.75. Second floor.

### Introducing girls' novel tub frocks in a seasonable sale at \$5

Pretty frocks for vacation days; portraying the newest "fancies" of the season. Two styles pictured. One in pin checked gingham, with folded

organdy sash; the other plain chambray with colored twist stitching. Many colors. Sizes 6 to 12 years.

### Organdy frocks for flappers

Frocks in beautiful tints of orchid, mauve, pink and light blue; a host of styles, at 12.50 to 19.75.

### Girls' spring coats sharply reduced

—especially for such an early sale; several lots of the coats, repriced for clearance at 9.75 to 19.75. Fourth floor.

### Of prime moment, the regrouping and repricing of women's modish suits of tricotine

poiret twills, serges and velour checks

In navy, black, tan and rookie. Suits expressly selected from our regular stock, and in models varied sufficiently to assure satisfactory choosing to all who take immediate advantage of the sale. Fourth floor.



At \$65

At \$55

At \$45

Tailored suits of poiret twill, with embroidered linen vestee in contrasting color, and two-piece skirt with pocket. Fourth floor.

Box coat suits of navy or black tricotine; heavy wool emb'd trim, and fancy tricolette vest. Copied from a high priced model.

Several models; the one pictured in fine quality gabardine, smartly belted, and with the correct straight skirt. Silk lined.

### Men's "quality" low shoes

in summer weight, \$8

Perfect fit and high grade workmanship further commend this footwear to well groomed men. Styles for any foot—from the long, narrow toe shape to the short, wide, comfort model. Pearl gray kid heel linings.

Dark tan cordo and black calfskin oxfords in a smart English lace model, also a more conservative shape; and black kidskin oxfords shaped over an orthopedic last—blucher model with rubber heel at \$8. Other low shoes at \$5.50 to \$10. Second floor.

### Imported colored organdies at \$1

Sheer materials, especially favored for bridesmaids' frocks, party gowns and dainty blouses. An exceptional color range. Second floor.

38-in. soft, lustrous white batiste at 48c

—exceedingly pleasing in lingerie, blouses, baby garments and street frocks.

SECT  
GENE  
SOCIET  
WACRIMES M  
WHILE AL  
SEEK THDrexel Bank  
of \$3,619  
by StraWhile the council  
was endeavoring  
to ascertain why crime  
was increasing, outlaws  
craft in various  
supplied the following  
investigation:  
Three handbills seen  
after robbery of John  
Water Engel,  
stealing \$500 worth  
escaped from Court  
but was recaptured  
decreased enough to  
cab. Several shot  
pursuers.The safe of the  
facturing company  
West Madison street  
\$35 and \$150 worth  
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Grove avenue. At  
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Sohn, 123 East  
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and Nolan in bot  
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chief for the cas  
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months or escape  
habeas corpus.















**The Tribune Investors' Guide**

Answers to inquiries based upon information which The Tassours company is reliable, fair, and unprejudiced, but beyond the exercise of care in securing the information The Tassours assumes no responsibility.

**Inquiries must bear the signature and address of writer in order to receive attention. Answers thought to be of public interest will be published.**

**If an owner is not of general interest it still be mailed provided stamp is inclosed. Address letters to Investors' Guide.**

**American Samatra Tobacco.**  
J. H. J. The American Samatra Tobacco company is subject to extreme fluctuations of earnings. In the six months ended Jan. 31 last, net income

and other cities in the east. Earnings fluctuate widely. Back dividend was \$25,000,000 of preferred stock was paid up in 1917. In the year ended 1918, 48 1/2 per cent was earned on the \$25,000,000 of common stock. It is reported that earnings are at a high rate now than a year ago. Plant is not operating to full capacity. No dividends have been paid on the common stock. It evidently is speculative.

**A. E. Staley Company.**  
M. S. Kalamazoo, Mich.: The A. E. Staley Manufacturing company is

was \$467,763, compared to \$944,088 in the same months a year before. The dividend on preferred stock was covered nearly seven times in the latter period and earnings on common were at the rate of 14.1 per cent a year. The balance sheet of Jan. 31 shows a floating debt of \$1,457,000. It was announced recently that \$1,450,000 of common stock adventures soon would be issued. Presumably this will retire floating debt. The preferred stock is outstanding to a comparatively moderate amount and is entitled to a very good rating among the industrial preferred shares. The common is speculative. Dividends on it started in August, 1917, at the rate of 4 per cent a year. This has been increased to 10.

**Cruible Steel.**  
H. M. St. Louis, Mo.: Cruible Steel company manufactures crucible and open hearth steel. It has plants in Pittsburgh

ated as a close corporation, publication no required. It is borrowing \$100,000 for the purpose of extending its business into new lines. The limited information furnished makes a judgment showing for the bonds as a home man's investment, but without much price data. The bonds would be based principally on confidence in the house selling the bonds.

**Brief Answers.**  
H. S. Defiance, O.: It is understood that Sinclair Gulf It is taken by a large company that will include Sinclair Oil and some of the other oil companies. Until the terms of the consolidation are announced there is no basis for an opinion on the stock.

W. S. Manchester, Ind.: Standard oil of Indiana is quoted at 51 1/2 bid. It pays 14 per cent a year. The price is slightly under 3 per cent.

**BY CHARGE.**  
Corn was on the volume yesterday slightly lower, which showed the higher price with the close. Distant futures rallied mostly to close 1/16% lower on short selling covering due to the northwest late higher on distant corn in the lead, which is Chicago. Rye and barley 1/16% lower. Corn prices in

<b>MONEY AND EXCHANGE</b>		Holland- Checks - 80	92.85	92.35	05
CHICAGO MONEY MARKET.		Baltim- Checks - 840	85.25	87.0	00
Money in Chicago steady at 5 1/2 per cent on call; collateral; commercial paper, 5 1/4 @ 5 1/2 per cent; 60 per cent over the outside. New York per exchange by wire, par, by note 5 1/4.		Antwerp- Checks - 605	90	91.0	00
Chicago bank clearings yesterday were \$10,045,000, compared to \$9,514,500 one week ago.		Bremen- Checks - 515	91.65	91.5	00
NEW YORK MONEY MARKET.		Swiss- Checks - 25.50	84.25	83.25	00
Money in New York - Commercial paper, 5 1/4 @ 5 1/2; sterling 50 day bills, 4 5/8 @ 4 7/8; 60 day bills, 4 5/8 @ 4 7/8; 90 day bills, 4 5/8 @ 4 7/8; 120 day bills, 4 5/8 @ 4 7/8; 180 day bills, 4 5/8 @ 4 7/8; 240 day bills, 4 5/8 @ 4 7/8; 360 day bills, 4 5/8 @ 4 7/8; 540 day bills, 4 5/8 @ 4 7/8; 720 day bills, 4 5/8 @ 4 7/8; 900 day bills, 4 5/8 @ 4 7/8; 1080 day bills, 4 5/8 @ 4 7/8; 1260 day bills, 4 5/8 @ 4 7/8; 1440 day bills, 4 5/8 @ 4 7/8; 1620 day bills, 4 5/8 @ 4 7/8; 1800 day bills, 4 5/8 @ 4 7/8; 1980 day bills, 4 5/8 @ 4 7/8; 2160 day bills, 4 5/8 @ 4 7/8; 2340 day bills, 4 5/8 @ 4 7/8; 2520 day bills, 4 5/8 @ 4 7/8; 2700 day bills, 4 5/8 @ 4 7/8; 2880 day bills, 4 5/8 @ 4 7/8; 3060 day bills, 4 5/8 @ 4 7/8; 3240 day bills, 4 5/8 @ 4 7/8; 3420 day bills, 4 5/8 @ 4 7/8; 3600 day bills, 4 5/8 @ 4 7/8; 3780 day bills, 4 5/8 @ 4 7/8; 3960 day bills, 4 5/8 @ 4 7/8; 4140 day bills, 4 5/8 @ 4 7/8; 4320 day bills, 4 5/8 @ 4 7/8; 4500 day bills, 4 5/8 @ 4 7/8; 4680 day bills, 4 5/8 @ 4 7/8; 4860 day bills, 4 5/8 @ 4 7/8; 5040 day bills, 4 5/8 @ 4 7/8; 5220 day bills, 4 5/8 @ 4 7/8; 5400 day bills, 4 5/8 @ 4 7/8; 5580 day bills, 4 5/8 @ 4 7/8; 5760 day bills, 4 5/8 @ 4 7/8; 5940 day bills, 4 5/8 @ 4 7/8; 6120 day bills, 4 5/8 @ 4 7/8; 6300 day bills, 4 5/8 @ 4 7/8; 6480 day bills, 4 5/8 @ 4 7/8; 6660 day bills, 4 5/8 @ 4 7/8; 6840 day bills, 4 5/8 @ 4 7/8; 7020 day bills, 4 5/8 @ 4 7/8; 7200 day bills, 4 5/8 @ 4 7/8; 7380 day bills, 4 5/8 @ 4 7/8; 7560 day bills, 4 5/8 @ 4 7/8; 7740 day bills, 4 5/8 @ 4 7/8; 7920 day bills, 4 5/8 @ 4 7/8; 8100 day bills, 4 5/8 @ 4 7/8; 8280 day bills, 4 5/8 @ 4 7/8; 8460 day bills, 4 5/8 @ 4 7/8; 8640 day bills, 4 5/8 @ 4 7/8; 8820 day bills, 4 5/8 @ 4 7/8; 9000 day bills, 4 5/8 @ 4 7/8; 9180 day bills, 4 5/8 @ 4 7/8; 9360 day bills, 4 5/8 @ 4 7/8; 9540 day bills, 4 5/8 @ 4 7/8; 9720 day bills, 4 5/8 @ 4 7/8; 9900 day bills, 4 5/8 @ 4 7/8; 10080 day bills, 4 5/8 @ 4 7/8; 10260 day bills, 4 5/8 @ 4 7/8; 10440 day bills, 4 5/8 @ 4 7/8; 10620 day bills, 4 5/8 @ 4 7/8; 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28080 day bills, 4 5/8 @ 4 7/8; 28					



## First Farm Mortgages

We own and offer subject to previous sale

**Selected  
Investment  
Securities**

close aggregate  
receipts for Salt  
and sugar. About  
cars received in  
No. 1 or better,  
along with sales  
Local trading  
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Amount	Value of	Amount	Value of
\$2,500	Time Property	\$2,500	Time Property
5 1/8%	\$2,075	5 1/8%	\$2,075

Mortgage...	2,500	5 years	8,000	Mortgage...	8,100	5 years	16,500
Mortgage...	3,000	4 years	7,300	Mortgage...	10,100	5 years	20,000
Mortgage...	3,000	10 years	10,300	Mortgage...	12,100	5 years	23,000
Mortgage...	7,000	5 years	15,200	Mortgage...	12,400	5 years	23,000
Mortgage...	7,000	4 years	15,000	Mortgage...	14,100	5 years	28,000
Others for	\$1,000		\$7,000		\$1,000		\$11,000

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**FORMAN**

# FORMAN FARM MORTGAGES

On the FORMAN MONTHLY PAYMENT PLAN your savings earn 6% to 6½% and you become the owner of a FORMAN FARM MORTGAGE in a year.

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 buying land as  
 the deferred  
 Prices follow:

May .....	High
July .....	80.00

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*Members  
New York Stock Exchange*

## STANDARD TRUST & SAVINGS BANK

Member Federal Reserve Bank  
Member Chicago Clearing House

**Plan Your Investments**  
so that there shall be a minimum

Mar	.....\$4.70
July	.....\$2.55
Sept.	.....\$1.65

May	.....\$0.00
July	.....\$7.75
Sept.	.....\$7.65

## GRAIN SYST ARE

Chicago Board of Trade  
Correspondents of

## Logan & Bryan.

With our direct private wires to the Wyoming oil fields, we are in constant touch with the developments there.

loss to your estate if controlled by your executor. In this we can assist you and as Executor and Trustee under your Will will save you any sacrifice of your investment.

Commercial, Savings, Investment and Trust Department  
105 W. MONROE STREET  
CHICAGO, ILL.

Washington, the insurgents control the mammoth grab by the railroad to the appointment of committees at comprised of a operating and railroad administration representatives of the division of the

All of the stocks of these fields, bought, sold and quoted.

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MEMBER CHICAGO STOCK EXCHANGE  
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**Bank Stocks—Bonds**

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ment invited.

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HIGHEST PRICES  
KNOWN REACHED  
BY PROVISIONS

May Pork Sells at \$56,  
a Gain of 90  
Cents.

By CHARLES D. MICHAELS.

Corn was the market in demand yesterday and prices were generally higher, particularly on May which showed a break of 10¢ from the higher price of the previous day with the close at a loss of 6¢.

Distillate futures after an early break rallied mostly on the upturn in oats and closed 10¢ lower. Oats had a break in selling early and a bulge on shorting late and dry weather of the northwest later, the close being 10¢ higher on distant futures, with September in the lead, while May was 10¢ lower.

Chicago. Rye prices were irregular and barley 10¢ higher on futures.

Corn prices in the southwest closed 10¢ higher, the latter on May in Kansas City. Oats there were 10¢ lower on May and 10¢ higher on distant delivery, with the Minneapolis prices closed unchanged to 10¢ higher on oats, while rye gained 10¢ and barley 10¢ on futures.

Distillate prices known were made for September, with May pork up to \$56.00, a gain of 90¢ for the day; pork, \$47.00, up 10¢; and short ribs, \$20.00, up 10¢ for the day. The distant futures gained 10¢ to \$17.00, and short ribs, 15¢.

Long-Sell May Corn. Trade in May corn was light, but continued liquidation was in evidence. Opening prices were at \$1.75, or 1/4¢ under the previous day's finish, and at the close figures were a decline of 1/4¢, with May selling at \$1.74. Short corn was a moderate rally at the last with the finish at \$1.74. Cash houses and the May against purchases in the southwest. Prices for the day were aggregated 60,000 bu. Estimated receipts for Saturday range from 500 to 600,000 bu. About 90 per cent of the 215,000 bushels of the day graded No. 2 or better. Domestic demand was slow with sales 10,000 bu.

Local traders sold the deferred delivery on the weakness in corn and forced sales of 500 from the previous day's but later when oats started up there was general covering by shorts who were evening up for the holiday, and the close was at a fractional decline, with July at \$1.65 and September at \$1.64. There was some selling of May and buying of July. Weather conditions over the belt were very favorable.

Wheat. This was off 1/4¢ early, with the market showing a firm undercurrent throughout, and rallied sharply toward the close on dry and hot weather in the northwest. House and foreign buyers connections were good buyers on the belt, while the local element sold. The market covered later and helped along the advance, with the September showing the best strength, gaining 10¢ on the day. May finished at 69¢, July at 68¢, and September at 65¢.

Reporters Buy Barley. Rye was unsettled, with futures 10¢ higher to 10¢ lower, while the cash rose on the action of the day. No. 2 and 3 were under the delivery, with sales at \$1.64 and \$1.61. Exporters were in the market, and some business was put through from the northwest which raised the local market. Rye advanced 10¢. Minneapolis advanced 10¢. The northwest received 16 cars.

Report demand for barley, combined with dry and hot weather in the northwest, and the active market. Futures closed 10¢ higher, with some buying by Minneapolis to remove hedges against sales to the seaboard. Exporters bought 10 cars. Minneapolis advanced 10¢. The northwest received 16 cars.

Record Prices for Provisions. Hogs and paid the highest prices in the history of the trade, 4 cars were the best sellers, Armour selling the pork and other packers sold the lamb and ribs. Deliveries on May for pork, 400,000 bu. and 350,000 bu. of short ribs. There was a moderate business in the deferred futures with western packers buying and scattered shorts taking the deferred futures of lamb and ribs. Prices follow:

May Pork Sells at \$56,  
a Gain of 90  
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## WORLD'S GRAIN MARKET NEWS

All the bank exchanges of the country will be closed today, Decoration day. The New York stock, cotton, and coffee exchanges will also be closed today. It is necessary to take care of the big run in corn and provide for closing out the May trades in delivery.

From the way May corn came out yesterday it created the impression that small holders were more anxious to take profit rather than the cash corn. That there will be a good run of cash corn at the inspection department will be certain. President Gates has arranged with the inspection department to have all the corn inspected today, ready for delivery to receivers on the board at the opening tomorrow. Estimates of receipts for the two days run up to 700 cars, and some even higher. Many consignments of notes have been received from Iowa, and a few more are coming from Illinois. On the break yesterday country holders were less anxious to sell.

It was the impression that certain quarters last yesterday that the price of May corn was not expected to be as high as it was. The last and best prices were secured at the last and best prices up. Open interest in the market was greatly reduced, and it is said to be scattered, while cash handlers have prepared to deliver the grain.

Many of the pit traders in corn are bearish and predict lower prices for Saturday. There were a few more buyers, a number of the big commission houses are bullish, arguing that cash corn will not sell to the July price after the May is out of the way. The usual delivery migration to the seaboard will be made by many traders, and free selling at the start Saturday is expected, as expectations are that they will return with bearish ideas, as the country looks green after recent rains.

Temperatures in western North Dakota, Montana, and western Canada were reported at 90 to 100 yesterday, or the same as the previous day. Hot winds were also reported in northern Alberta and Saskatchewan, and some of the crop is claimed. Conditions are good in central and eastern Alberta. Montana is dry as reported by the weather bureau, and by men who have been there the last few days, and rains are needed, and in western North Dakota. Forcing weather ordinarily does a lot of good to the crops at this season.

Lively competition in the hog market together with comparatively small receipts forced an advance of 15¢ to 20¢ in prices, best selling at \$20.70, the high point of the week. Estimated receipts at \$2,000 included 4,700 direct to Armour and 1,800 to other packers from outside markets. Closing trade was best of the day, with practically everything sold. Some late shipping orders were not unfilled. Armour houses 12,000.

The day's average price of hogs at \$20.48, was 20¢ higher than Wednesday and 40¢ above Tuesday, the lowest day in about two months. A week ago the average was \$20.64, a year ago \$18.38, and two years ago \$18.75. Supplies at outside markets were liberal, but values advanced sharply. Heston points received 97,000, against 125,000 previous Thursday, and 63,000 a year ago.

The decline in steer prices was checked, some grades showing firmness, and the market all through was active at the prices. Light receipts and an improved local and outside call caused the better undertone to the market. However, the market was not so active as the previous day. Cows and heifers sold 20¢ to 25¢ lower, demand being very poor. Calves opened nearly steady on outside accounts, but closed 10¢ to 15¢ lower, with late going at \$16.00, after some sort at \$17.00 earlier in the day.

Best steers offered sold at \$18.90, the price being paid for choice 1,415 pound steers. Only one lot sold above \$18.00. \$15.00 line and bulk went around \$13.50 to \$14.00. Few cows and heifers passed the \$12.00 line, bulk selling around \$10.00 to \$11.00.

Demand was lacking in the sheep trade, the market being slow at 25¢ decline in prices. Receipts were smaller than the previous day, but on account of there being no killing today, packers wanted concessions as the stock must be carried until Saturday. This causes a heavier shrinkage than usual which they discount on the market.

Spring lambs sold at \$13.00, best 25¢ below high point of the week. Best spring lambs sold at \$13.00. No woolled sheep. Only one lot sold above \$10.00. Aged sheep are selling with fair action as country buyers are inquiring for stock suitable for breeding.

CHICAGO DAILY EXHIBITS.

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SMALL RECEIPTS  
FORCE ADVANCE  
IN HOG PRICES

Closing Trade at Highest  
Point Reached During  
the Week.

TOP PRICES COMPARED

LIVE STOCK.

Top prices for native head cattle, sheep, and aged lambs at Chicago follow:

Cattle. Head. Sheep. Lambs.

Native head cattle, all grades, 14.50 to 15.50.

Lambs, poor to best, 11.50 to 12.50.

Sheep, all grades, 10.00 to 11.00.

Calves, all grades, 12.00 to 13.00.

Hogs, all grades, 18.00 to 20.00.

Pigs, all grades, 15.00 to 16.00.

Calves, all grades, 12.00 to 13.00.

Hogs, all grades, 18.00 to 20.00.

Pigs, all grades, 15.00 to 16.00.

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Pigs, all grades, 15.00 to 16.00.

Calves, all grades, 12.00 to 13.00.

## CHICAGO LIVE STOCK

Prices for live stock in Chicago yesterday follow:

MOOS.

Heavy butchers, 20.00 to 21.00.

Light butchers, 19.00 to 20.00.

Medium weight, 18.00 to 19.00.

Heavy and mixed, 17.00 to 18.00.

Rough heavy packing, 16.00 to 17.00.

Light hams, 15.00 to 16.00.

Medium weight, 14.00 to 15.00.

Heavy and mixed, 13.00 to 14.00.

Rough heavy packing, 12.00 to 13.00.

Light hams, 11.00 to 12.00.

Medium weight, 10.00 to 11.00.

Heavy and mixed, 9.00 to 10.00.

Rough heavy packing, 8.00 to 9.00.

Light hams, 7.00 to 8.00.

Medium weight, 6.00 to 7.00.

Heavy and mixed, 5.00 to 6.00.

Rough heavy packing, 4.00 to 5.00.

Light hams, 3.00 to 4.00.

Medium weight, 2.00 to 3.00.

Heavy and mixed, 1.00 to 2.00.

Rough heavy packing, 0.50 to 1.00.

Light hams, 0.25 to 0.50.

Medium weight, 0.10 to 0.25.

Heavy and mixed, 0.05 to 0.10.

SHIP COMBINE  
MORGAN FORMED  
WILL DISSOLVE

I. M. M. to Distribute the  
Assets Left After  
British Sale.

New York, May 20.—The International Mercantile Marine company, the great shipping combine organized by the late J. P. Morgan, will be dissolved if the stockholders at their meeting next month approve the proposal to sell to a British syndicate the British owned ships and assets of the corporation. It is then proposed to distribute all the assets of the International Mercantile Marine among the stockholders.

Directors Take Action. At a special meeting of the directors of the company today the following resolutions were adopted:

"That it is the sense of the board that in case the proposed sale of the British owned ships and assets of the corporation is approved by the stockholders and the sale proceeds of the International Mercantile Marine company should be distributed to the stockholders, it is then proposed to distribute all the assets of the International Mercantile Marine among the stockholders."

The stockholders, who will hold a meeting June 15, will approve the sale of the British owned ships and assets of the corporation, which represents the British owned and a distribution of the proceeds thereof.

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ON THE BROAD  
STREET CURB

ANNOUNCEMENT  
OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS  
OF THE INTERNATIONAL  
MERCANTILE MARINE COMPANY

At a special meeting of the directors of the International Mercantile Marine Company, held at the company's headquarters, 100 Broadway, New York, on May 20, 1916, the following resolutions were adopted:

"That it is the sense of the board that in case the proposed sale of the British owned ships and assets of the corporation is approved by the stockholders and the sale proceeds of the International Mercantile Marine company should be distributed to the stockholders, it is then proposed to distribute all the assets of the International Mercantile Marine among the stockholders."

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## CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

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This image shows a blank, aged, cream-colored page, likely an endpaper or flyleaf from an old book. The paper has a slightly textured appearance with some minor creases and discoloration, characteristic of old paper. A small, dark, circular spot is visible near the bottom center of the page. The page is set against a dark background.











REAL

**FOR SALE -**  
CENTRAL NORTH RIDGE  
COMMERCIAL PURCHASE  
HIGH CLASS BLDG.  
OVERLOOKING THE LAKE  
sun parlor, 2 bedrooms  
finish  
cars.  
Offered for \$6,360 year.  
See terms. 1903 N.

AND NEW BUILDINGS  
 ce and St. Louis  
 and Wayne.  
 e-place.  
 for particulars.  
 on to brokers.  
 KE & GROSBY,  
 Diversity ASA  
 PURCHASE ON

**NORTH SIDE.**  
NEAR SHERIDAN RD. and  
wood finish, steam heat,  
one cup. \$3,000 cash.  
Phone 1107 Lake View.

**W 3 PLAT. 0418 N. ROCK**  
2 rms., clean, all repairs  
the flat can be had.  
and Lockwell, open house  
have 33 ft. lot on 3rd and  
on 2nd build 2 or 3 flat and  
4

**FO FLATS AND COTTAGE**  
used; rent \$468 per year  
plus utilities has been rented  
for immediate sale; \$450 cash  
mortgage of \$1,490 now on  
**THE GROSSEMANN & CO.,**  
First Natl Bank Bldg.

**STORY AND BASEMENT**  
containing 2 fire room four-  
night; in Ede; near  
Wendell

**WENDELL**  
FOR SALE - MA  
ct. 7 store  
\$900 per  
\$30,000 in ex  
S. G. WENDEL

**HOUSE**

**FOR SALE - MA**  
low cement  
with large  
wood and dining

700; will take \$500 down;  
at possession of \$200 cash  
July 1st. Phone Central 3234.  
**MR. PETERSON**

---

**APTS.**  
124 E. 1st, Mr. Bryn Mawr  
baths: rent \$45 cash  
4841 1/2: rent \$30.00 a  
price \$17,000; worth \$22,000.  
7, Tr. Bu.

---

**GRASSY PARKS APT. BLDG.**  
8 rms., sun. parlor, and  
bath; conv. to Koroja "and  
more."

price \$10,500; mls. 2.  
BRON. 1257 Dayton-av. A  
WILL SACRIFICE NEARLY  
all. 2 story bldg. with  
great center, and 8 story bldg.  
price only \$9,500. very  
straight. T. TRAPANI, A

WOOD & FLAT,  
scr. 1 breakfast pch. ar lake  
scr. 1 w.h.t. \$10,500. Room  
No. 5482. elec.

on premises  
**COTTA**  
Widow order  
room brick, m.  
heat: wide lot  
cash: might co.  
M. T.

7340 S. Halst  
**ON HY**  
No. 5482.  
elec.

EXCHANGE  
 flat, sun parlors; new fu-  
 st. Only \$17,500. Modern  
 small improved and ca-  
 LAGEL & CO., 140 N. DOUGL-  
 LICK, RAVENSWOOD  
 roads: 30 ft. lot.  
 2 furnaces; glass on  
 s. argin at \$7,000. At  
 Tribune.

BUILDING STONE  
 new water, contain-  
 2-7 in. slabs, price

(to buy a brand new  
 just being com-  
 gutters and scum-  
 wter heat; new  
 throughout;  
 Please for apper-

ONLY  
 BUNGALOW

DeFoney & Co., 133 W  
753  
3 APT. BLDG. TWO  
near 34th, near Lincoln  
one; reas.; terms; a  
owner, Lincoln 5813  
GEWATER 3 APT. MA  
Balmoral; substantial; 4-  
will sacrifice at \$12,000;  
O M 485. Tribune.  
FIVE-2 FLAT,  
str. ht. - or trans. \$7,500.

SON & HAWKINS  
Howard. Ph. Ros. Fr. 24  
A. L. 1301 E. 63rd  
FOR SALE -  
bungalow  
10' x 12' lot  
\$7,000. \$3000  
to owner. No  
FOR SALE -  
lot garage.  
will construct  
Ferry-av. The  
curved today for  
A. ELGIN

**DECKER**, 1509 Decatur-  
station; wide lot; price  
\$800; balance payable  
\$1 S. 1. **MADISON** 7772  
**WANN**, **MODERN TWO FL.**  
rice; large lot; Adams  
owner. No brokers. Agents

**FLAT MODERN 3 AND**  
garage; \$3,500.  
near N. Clark St.

**1028 First Nat**  
**ONLY**  
Take it at  
with 761125  
\$300 cash bal  
FED A  
1209 W. 59th  
FOR SALE - B  
Cash N.E.  
1004135 ft.  
best lawn tr  
ment. Inquire

ENTY—N. W. SIDE  
—BIG SACRIFICE  
Back 5 and 5 r. sun deck  
water heating plants with  
brick garage. \$35,000. Can  
more save \$3,750. Call  
CO. 33 N. Dearborn  
0-5244 GRACE-ST. 2 1/2  
bdr. 10 ft. lot close W.  
bdr. for small improvement  
garage

100 JENI. I. MORRIS 140  
 Central 7032.  
 100 FLAT BLDG. OPPOSITE  
 to Sacramento-bldg. Desir-  
 able and secure bkg bargain.  
 J. A. Truine.  
 100 FLAT STUCCO. 6-4 LARGES  
 1000 sq. ft. bkg 125; every-  
 thing will suit reasonable, as I am  
 one Eldare 2889.  
 100 JUMBOLET-ELVD. 3  
 1000 sq. ft. bkg. h. w. heat; good  
 1885. Apply owner, let 414.

3 FLAT, 5-8 ROOMS; 50  
oak broughout; J. WEST.  
\$18,000.

2 J. RADKE.

MUSKOGEE

Clear 16 rm.  
baths. Lot 50x  
Address 2 1/2  
JACKSON

North of 6th  
My barg. for 10  
Garbors. Ma  
FOR SALE

**ENTS—WEST SIDE.**  
**PLAT BARGAIN.**  
Large attractive rooms, all  
wood floors and trim  
electricity, gas, central  
heating, 1/2 blk. to Indus-  
trial and elevated station.  
park; all rented. Siding  
3710 Lexington. Owner  
5 A PARTMENTS.

**FIRE SUBDIVISION**  
**MTG.** 123,000. \$449. 3 TRS.  
 some exchange  
 6 trs. x town lotches  
 D & C Co. Inc. exclusive Agts.  
 cor. Washington and Clark  
**ASHINGTON-BLYD. NE. RD.**  
 lots. 6-7 1/2. R. W. East. east  
 floors. Fireplace and book  
 shelves. \$12,000 yearly. Price  
 will show.  
**WENTWORTH S. E. Pearlman**  
 Kadzie 316.  
**WASHINGTON BLVD. NE.**

**FOR SALE**—mod. h. w. w. b. mo.; 1/2 lot; at a sacrifice. **LAUREN**, Belmont 290.—4744

**FOR SALE**—attractive, 5500 Morris Ave., G. M. W.

**FOR SALE**—attractive, 5710 and 10th

**FOR SALE**—house, turn lot to suit. 2. **OWNER** 6105

**FOR SALE**—newly decorated, 6234

[illegible]

PLATS COR. ST. M.  
price \$14,500. Address  
N 5 PLAT FRANK  
rented \$300 per mo.  
Ph 12 Kenwood 140  
CK 3 PLAT BLDG. WALK  
Shenaw; rents \$100  
\$400. W. Ravenswood 200  
EXCEPTIONAL NICK  
mar 2 bird; price reasonable  
N 49, Tribune.

AT. 6 AND 7 RMS. BAYVIEW  
AT: must sell to close estate.  
Call 8-321 or 3540.

NEW 6 FLAT STAIR  
road neighborhood: \$15-  
509. Tribune.

PROPERTY—SOUTH.

REAL ESTATE BARGAIN.

Required  
-est. - story brick bldg: 7

Wagon, Hyde  
FOR SALE—  
from \$100  
CURRAN, 40  
FOR SALE—  
Mr. Jackson  
or, Owens  
FOR SALE—  
H. Frostman  
OWEN, 2911  
FOR SALE—  
Have them  
BALDWIN

EST. W. R. HALSTED-ST.  
fronage with good loca  
nearly 10% gross per  
\$25,000 cash, balance  
429. Tribuna

STAGE GROVE-AV.  
stores and 7 cars. 8  
Price \$300,000. 5,500  
R. S. BOWERS &  
31st St. N. N. Cor. 30th  
44 E. 4TH ST. 401

rents \$1,140; bargain.  
CO., 25 N. Dearborn.  
PROPERTY—N. W.  
W. BECK BLDG.   
Date: steam hi. P. A.  
SFO-SY.







HOUSEHOLD GOODS  
**SENSATIONAL**  
**ONE DAY**  
**Furniture Sale**

A most remarkable sale of  
high grade Grand Rapids furniture  
for the last day of May  
**SAT. MAY 31ST ONLY**  
**SAVE 40%**  
SPECIAL DISCOUNT GIVEN TO ALL  
IN UNIFORM OR RECENTLY DISCHARGED  
**BUY NOW—GOODS HELD UNTIL SOLD**

**FOUR A FEW SPECIALS**

\$200 5 piece mahogany dining room set  
for suit, only .....

\$350 very large and luxurious 8 foot  
local maple dining room set  
in overstuffed leather  
cushions, only .....

\$200 very large Queen Anne style  
mahogany dining room set  
including oblong \$280 in table  
& chairs and 1 arm chair  
blue leather with brass  
complete .....

\$300 7 piece mahogany or walnut  
dining room set .....

\$150 ivory dresser, bed and outfit, only  
Oglethorpe .....

Oglethorpe 3 pieces, complete, only .....  
bed, chiffoniers and 3 ward-  
robes, fabric valances  
to \$65; your choice, only .....

\$300 3 piece mahogany full size bed  
with 2 dressers, 2 nightstands,  
pillows and bolsters .....

\$150 7 piece mahogany dining room  
set, including 2 chairs, new  
suit, high back, low cost  
very special, only .....

Airio delivery within 30 miles  
of Oglethorpe.

and ship free of charge. Open from  
Thursday and Saturday evenings.

**Manufacturers'  
Sample  
Furniture Co.,  
322 S. WABASH AVE.  
Bet. Jackson and Van Buren**

**Great  
June Bride**

# Sale

If you are contemplating new housekeeping or expect to receive a few articles in your present home, then our huge and wonderful sale of these bargains.

Here is your chance to cut the living expenses.

- 3 piece cane sofa, upholstered with latest velvet, loose cushions, extra pillows, etc. at \$64.50 ~~100.00~~
- An immense amount of three piece dining room sets, better suites. These come in mahogany, walnut and fold out at \$99.00 ~~150.00~~
- 7 piece dining room suites, at descriptions, as low as \$120.00 ~~180.00~~
- Kitchen sets, as low as \$100.00 ~~150.00~~
- All cotton felt mattresses.
- Guaranteed bed springs.
- 50 elegant floor lamps, with shades, new designs.

pleats ..... 1.98  
 All other articles not listed above  
 will be marked at the same percent  
 price.  
 Now everyone looking for genuine  
 bona fide bargains get busy during  
 this sale.  
 OPEN EVENINGS UNTIL 8  
**CHICAGO**  
**FURNITURE**  
**EXCHANGE**  
 8451-53 INDIANA-AV.

# Important

It will be to your benefit to view before buying. We have on hand assigned to us to be sold at our price 75 samples of Paris, India, China, also overstocked. These samples are selling down town from \$175 to \$500. We also have bedsteads, mahogany, walnut and bird's-eye maple, in periods William and Mary, Queen Anne, and Louis XIV. and a number of other useful furniture to make a house complete, including domestic rug. You will positively save 50% on all rug purchases.

Open until 9:30 p. m. every day.

## South Side Auction House,

1000 Broadway, N. Y. C.

[illegible]

Shakes, or beautiful milk shakes, all  
\$3.50, and \$5.50.

Second Floor,  
136 S. Wabash-av.

FOR SALE—RED DAVENPORT, MAJOR  
and din. rm. furniture, sewing ma-  
chine, baby buggy. 1108 Belmont.

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**FARMERS WANTED.**

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**PARTNER WANTED**  
WANT PARTY WITH \$12-  
000 CASH. HAVE PRO-  
SPEROUS BUSINESS IN THE  
LOOP, DOING NOW NEAR-  
LY \$100,000 ANNUAL BUSI-  
NESS. WANT PARTY TO  
TAKE ACTIVE PART AND

**ASSIST ME IN RUNNING  
NAME, BEST OF BANK  
NO BROKERS OR FAKE  
PLIES,  
ADDRESS N 302, TRIBUNE  
\$5,000 AND SERVICE**

Partner wanted for growing manufacturing business; one man to be in factory, handle punch press, etc. I am capable of taking care of all my sales offices; factory now making investment; references exchange address S G 368, Tribune.

**\$5,000 AND SERVICE**

Partner wanted for growing manufacturing business; can use a man capable of taking care of all my sales offices; factory now making investment; references exchange address S G 368, Tribune.

**PARTNERSHIP IS OFFERED IN**

to clever woman, capable of  
procure of a leading firm of  
hadies' lingerie, blouses, etc.;  
desire to give extension to this  
business. Address (mail to) MAIDA,  
Tribuna, Paris.

**PARCEL POST AND EXPRESS**  
CIGARS - STRICTLY FRESH and  
guaranteed, direct from our plants to you  
sealed packages; cost a little  
more than retail, but worth it.  
We ship by parcel post and  
express. **COUNTRY PLANT** Chateaufort,  
France. **BEAUTIFUL WILD VIOLETS**  
- direct from the garden in box \$2.10  
express or mail. **D. M. MAIDA**  
Paris, Wm.

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